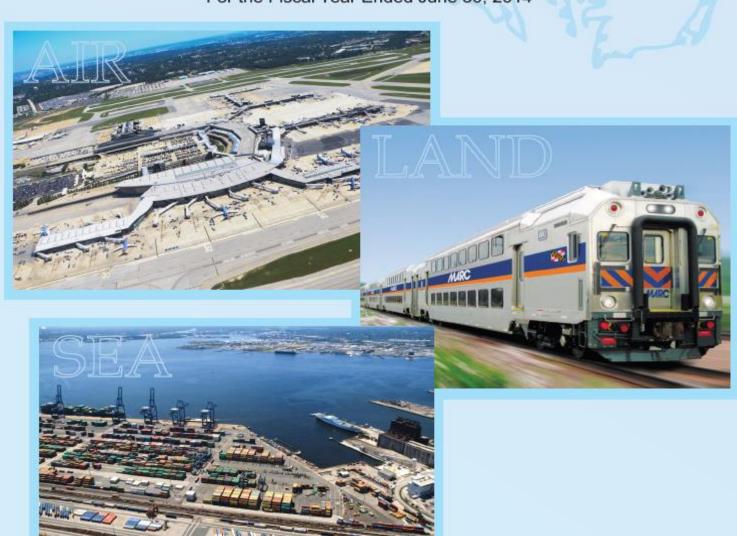


DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014



Martin O'Malley, Governor Anthony G. Brown, Lt. Governor James T. Smith, Jr., Secretary



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

A DEPARTMENT OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Prepared by the Secretary's Office - Office of Finance

David L. Fleming, Director/Chief Financial Officer Steven P. Watson, Deputy Chief Financial Officer Brandie S. Karfonta, Accounting Manager

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION













Mission

The Maryland Department of Transportation's mission is to enhance the quality of life for Maryland's citizens by providing a balanced and sustainable multimodal transportation system for safe, efficient passenger and freight movement.

Vision

The Maryland Department of Transportation strives to achieve our vision of a world-class multimodal transportation system that supports a vibrant economy and an excellent quality of life for all Marylanders.

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

A Department of the STATE OF MARYLAND

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

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MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



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Martin O'Malley
Governor

Anthony G. Brown Lt. Governor

James T. Smith, Jr. Secretary

November 17, 2014

James T. Smith, Jr.
Secretary
Maryland Department of Transportation
7201 Corporate Center Drive
Hanover, MD 21076

Dear Secretary Smith:

I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Maryland Department of Transportation (Department) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, which includes the financial statements of the Department. The data, as presented, is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and changes in financial position of the Department. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a maximum understanding of the Department's financial affairs have been included. This CAFR is a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Department. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented within this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the Department's management has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to protect the Department's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Department's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Since the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Department's comprehensive framework of internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert to the best of our knowledge and belief, that this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Department, in conjunction with the State of Maryland (State), requires an audit of the Department's basic financial statements by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The Department has complied with this requirement, and the independent audit report of SB & Company, LLC is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the Department's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the

accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Department's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The independent audit of the Department's basic financial statements is part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of the federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the State of Maryland's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Department's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent public accountants.

Profile of the Government

The Department has the responsibility for most State-owned transportation facilities and programs. This responsibility includes the planning, financing, construction, operation and maintenance of various modes of transportation and effecting various related licensing and administrative functions. The statutorily created transportation agencies or modal administrations that are encompassed by the Department are the Maryland Aviation Administration, the Maryland Port Administration, the Maryland Transit Administration, the Motor Vehicle Administration, the State Highway Administration, and the Transportation Secretary's Office.

The Secretary of Transportation is empowered, on behalf of the Department, to exercise or perform any power or duty that any of these Administrations may exercise or perform. These powers and duties involve, among others, the operation of the Baltimore Washington International Thurgood Marshall (BWI Marshall) Airport, including the power to set landing fees and to rent space to airlines and concessionaires; the operation of the various State-owned buildings and marine terminals in the Port of Baltimore, including the power to set and collect rental and other fees for the use of these facilities; the construction and maintenance of the State Highway System; the operation of all mass transit facilities in the Baltimore Metropolitan Transit District, including the operation of the rail system in this District and the power to set and collect the fares for this system; the licensing and registration of all motor vehicles and motor vehicle operations in the State; and the power to acquire any property by purchase or condemnation that is necessary to exercise or perform these powers and duties. The Secretary of Transportation is also empowered to provide grants for transportation-related purposes, including annual grants in support of the Washington Metropolitan area Transit Authority (WMATA) for construction and operation of its facilities.

Certain transportation facilities, which are not part of the Department's financial reporting entity, are operated as toll facilities by the Maryland Transportation Authority (Authority). These toll facilities, the Chesapeake Bay Bridges, the Fort McHenry Tunnel, the Baltimore Harbor Tunnel, the Francis Scott Key Bridge, the John F. Kennedy Memorial Highway and others are included in the Authority's separately audited financial statements. The Authority also developed a 262-acre containerized-cargo marine terminal,

the Seagirt Marine Terminal and an intermodal container transfer rail yard. The Maryland Port Administration manages the intermodal container transfer yard and leases the management of Seagirt Marine Terminal to an outside private entity. The Authority consists of six members who are appointed by the Governor and the Secretary, who is ex officio and serves as the Chairman.

The Department's annual budget serves as the foundation for its financial planning and control. The Governor is required, by the Maryland Constitution, to submit annually to the General Assembly a balanced budget containing a complete plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the ensuing fiscal year, including a plan of proposed expenditures and estimated revenues for the Department. The General Assembly may not amend the Budget Bill to affect payment of State debt or otherwise to change its provisions, except to increase or decrease the appropriations relating to the General Assembly or the judiciary, or to strike out or reduce other appropriations submitted by the Governor. It must, however, enact a balanced budget. The General Assembly may authorize an appropriation apart from the Budget Bill, but it may only do so by a separate supplementary appropriation bill limited to a single object or purpose and providing for levying a specific tax or taxes in that bill sufficient to fund the appropriation.

The Department's expenditures are made in accordance with appropriations provided for in the annual budget, except that the Department may submit to the Governor a budget amendment and, if the Governor approves the amendment, the Department may make disbursements in accordance with the budget amendment. By budget amendment, the Department may increase or decrease the amount of the appropriation for any project or transfer funds from one project or administration to another. A budget amendment may not, however, increase the salary or salaries of any office or position, except in certain acute emergencies, or change any language or substantive provision in the budget. All amendments approved by the Governor are required to be reported to the next session of the General Assembly. By means of a constitutional amendment in 1978, the General Assembly is permitted to enact bills that may require the Governor to provide for specific program funding in the annual budget. A schedule showing budget and actual expenditures is presented as required supplementary information at the end of the financial section of this report.

Transportation Trust Fund

The Transportation Trust Fund (TTF) was established in 1971 by Chapter 526 of the Laws of Maryland for 1970. The TTF is credited with revenues collected from motor vehicle titling and fuel taxes, a portion of the State's corporate income tax, a portion of the State's sales tax on rental vehicles, various fees, charges for services, bond proceeds, federal grants for transportation purposes and other receipts of the Department. All expenditures of the Department are made from the TTF. The Department may use the funds in the TTF for any lawful purpose related to the exercise of its powers, duties and obligations, after meeting its debt service requirements. Unexpended funds remaining in the TTF at the close of each fiscal year do not revert to the State's General Fund Account but remain in the TTF.

Accounting records for the Transportation Trust Fund (TTF) are maintained by the Comptroller of Maryland, and all cash and investments of the TTF are held by the State Treasurer, except for revolving cash accounts. Accounting records for the TTF, for operational and management purposes are maintained by the Department's Office of Finance. Although the accounts maintained by the Department on a budgetary basis generally conform to GAAP, there are certain departures from these principles that are dictated by statutory requirements and historical practices. The principal departures are the exclusion of non-budgeted activities and classification of fund-type.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the Department's financial statements is best understood when it is considered from a broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Department operates. All of the Department's activities are supported by the TTF. The flexible structure of the TTF provides the Department with the ability to expand and maintain the modal administrations' operating, capital construction and maintenance programs. The condition of the State's economy influences its revenue sources. Tracking the factors that affect Maryland's economy helps in monitoring the financial health of the TTF.

Local Economy

This past year, Maryland's economy continued to recover from the recent economic downturn. However, the pace has trailed the national recovery primarily because of federal sequestration and the government shutdown. Most of Maryland's economic indicators showed positive growth. Employment continued to expand with modest year-over-year job growth each month. The unemployment rate for 2014 is expected to drop below 6.0% for the first time since 2008.

Maryland has actively managed its fiscal issues, but the greatest concern for continued recovery remains tied with the federal government. Our outlook assumes that federal policymakers continue to address their fiscal issues. The lessening of this fiscal drag and alleviation of the uncertainty should increase Maryland's economy through improving employment, housing, and income growth throughout the coming year.

The Department's transportation system provides important economic benefits to the citizens and businesses throughout Maryland. The port, airports, highways, and transit systems each play a vital role in moving goods and people around and through the State. Maintaining and improving the Department's transportation system is essential for growth in Maryland's economy. Investment in the Department's transportation system results in direct economic benefits such as construction jobs and indirect benefits such as businesses choosing to relocate in Maryland, in part due to the Department's efficient and effective transportation system.

Long-term Planning

Each year the Department uses the Maryland Transportation Plan, last adopted in January 2014, as a guide to develop the draft Consolidated Transportation Program (CTP), a specific list of projects to be funded over a six-year period. The Department publishes the draft CTP in September of each year and the final CTP in January of the next calendar year. The CTP lists the capital projects that preserve and enhance our transportation system to accommodate intrastate and interstate travel, international travel, and to facilitate commerce. These projects are Maryland's investment in our highway, transit, port, and aviation facilities that ensure a safe and efficient transportation system.

Projects included in the Department's 2015 draft CTP for fiscal years 2015-2020 requires about \$15.9 billion in funding over the next six years. Of that amount, \$7.4 billion is allocated for State Highway Administration projects, while \$5 billion is allocated for Maryland Transit Administration projects. The remaining amount includes Maryland Port Administration projects of \$948 million, Maryland Aviation Administration projects of \$584 million, Motor Vehicle Administration projects of \$122 million, and projects in the Transportation Secretary's Office of \$266 million. Maryland also contributes \$1.6 billion to the Washington metropolitan Area Transit Authority. Overall, the Department's capital program continues to

emphasize preservation of Maryland's existing transportation infrastructure and ensures the competitiveness of the Port of Baltimore and BWI Marshall Airport.

Pension Benefits

The Department contributes to the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland (System), established by the State of Maryland to provide pension benefits for State employees (other than employees covered by the Maryland Transit Administration Pension Plan described below) and employees of the various participating political subdivisions or other entities within the State. While the System is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, the Department accounts for the plan as a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system since a separate valuation is not performed for the Department and the Department's only obligation to the plan is its annual contributions.

The Department sponsors a single-employer noncontributory benefit pension plan for all Maryland Transit Administration employees that are covered by a collective bargaining agreement and all those management employees who were employed by the Baltimore Transit Company. In addition, employees who enter the management group as a result of a transfer from a position covered by a collective bargaining agreement maintain their participation. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the pension plan calculates the amount of the annual contribution the Department must make to the pension plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, the Department fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by the actuary.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Maryland Department of Transportation for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This year was the fourteenth consecutive year the Department has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Department must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this CAFR would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff in the Office of Finance and assistance from various other agencies within the Department. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this CAFR.

Sincerely,

David I fluing

David L. Fleming Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

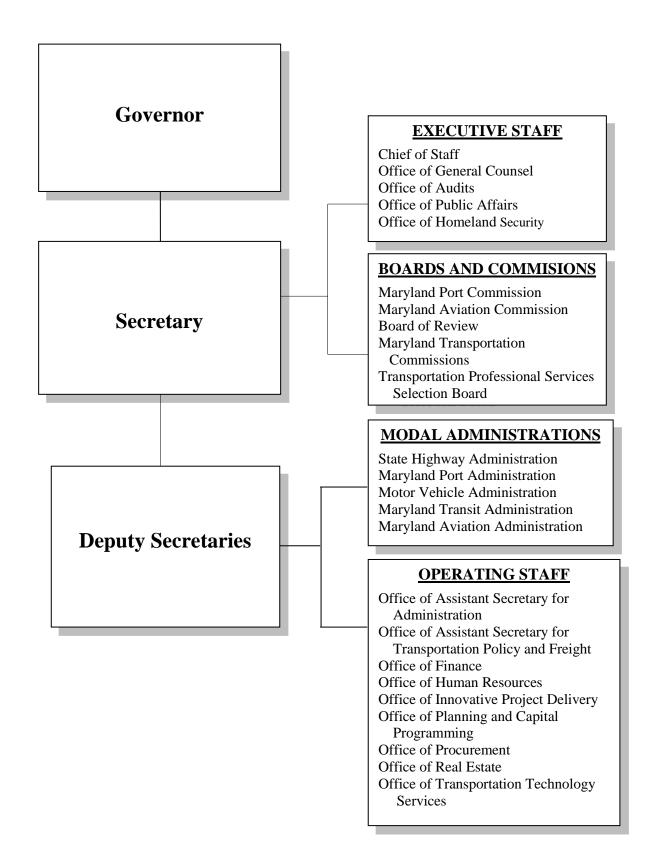
Maryland Department of Transportation

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Organizational Chart



Profiles of the Department Modals Maryland Aviation Administration



The Maryland Aviation Administration (MAA) owns and operates Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport (BWI Marshall) and Martin State Airport, and supports public-use airports across the State of Maryland. At the MAA, the core mission is the operation and support of airports in Maryland to provide residents, businesses and travelers with the highest levels of service, safety and economic benefit. BWI Marshall is the 22nd busiest airport in the United States and serves more than 22 million passengers per year. Air service includes an average of more than 600 daily commercial flights and nonstop service to 73 domestic and international destinations. BWI Marshall is a major transportation resource and economic development engine for the State of Maryland region, creating and supporting almost 94,000 regional jobs and more than \$5 billion in business revenue.

Maryland Port Administration



MPA (cont.)

The Port of Baltimore is ranked as the top port among 360 U.S. ports for handling autos and light trucks, farm and construction machinery, imported forest products, imported sugar, imported aluminum and imported gypsum. Baltimore ranks second in the U.S. for exported coal. Overall, Baltimore is ranked ninth for the total dollar value of international cargo and 14th for international cargo tonnage. Business at the Port of Baltimore generates about 14,630 direct jobs, while about 108,000 jobs in Maryland are linked to port activities. The Port is responsible for \$3 billion in personal wages and salary and more than \$300 million in state and local taxes.



Maryland Transit Administration (MTA)

The Maryland Transit Administration (MTA) is the 13th largest public transit organization in the United States operating Local Bus, Commuter Bus, Light Rail, Metro Subway, MARC commuter rail, Mobility and Paratransit service in the Baltimore metropolitan region. MTA also supports accessible transit systems throughout the State of Maryland. The MTA provides 24-hour daily service, including holidays and weekends, and operates more than 1,350 vehicles during peak periods. With the teamwork of 3,300 employees, which includes a nationally accredited Police Department, the MTA transported more than 107 million riders in Fiscal Year 2013 and delivered more than 55 million revenue miles of service.

Motor Vehicle Administration (MVA)



The Maryland Motor Vehicle Administration (MVA) ensures the safe enjoyment of Maryland's transportation infrastructure by providing efficient, courteous and accurate driver-related services, including licensing and registration, to Maryland citizens and safeguarding personal information. With approximately 1,700 employees working at 24 offices and 18 Vehicle Emission Inspection Program stations throughout the State, MVA processes more than 12 million core transactions each year and manages more than 10 million driver and vehicle records. Serving as home to the Maryland Highway Safety Office, MVA also is a key agency responsible for highway safety initiatives and campaigns in Maryland.

State Highway Administration



SHA (cont.)

The Maryland State Highway Administration (SHA) operates, maintains and rebuilds the numbered, non-toll routes in Maryland's 23 counties – more than 17,000 lane-miles and 2,572 bridges. SHA roads carry 66 percent of the state's traffic and 85 percent of its truck freight, providing economic opportunity, mobility and access for people, goods and service throughout Maryland. SHA delivers more than \$1 billion of work annually that is competitively awarded to private entities, sustaining thousands of jobs in the highway industry for contractors, suppliers, engineering firms and small and minority businesses.

The Secretary's Office



The Secretary's Office (TSO) provides overall policy direction and guidance to the Maryland Department of Transportation (MDOT). Units within TSO provide oversight and support to the Modal Administrations in the areas of administrative policy, relations, public governmental affairs, procurement, human resources, and capital planning. In addition, the Office of Transportation Technology Services at TSO provides centralized computing resources and general information technology services for MDOT. TSO also provides operating and capital grants for transit services in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, as well as grants to other governmental agencies (such as local transportation planning agencies) for transportation-related purposes.

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION List of Principal Department Officials For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>
Secretary of Transportation	James T. Smith, Jr.
Deputy Secretary of Transportation	Leif A. Dormsjo
Deputy Secretary of Transportation	Wilson H. Parran
State Highway Administrator	Melinda Peters
Maryland Port Executive Director	James J. White
Motor Vehicle Administrator	Milton Chaffee
Maryland Transit Administrator	Robert L. Smith
Maryland Aviation Executive Director	Paul J. Wiedefeld
Assistant Attorney General and Principal Counsel	Denise Ferguson
Chief Financial Officer	David L. Fleming

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Mr. James T. Smith, Jr., Secretary Maryland Department of Transportation

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maryland Department of Transportation (the Department), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Department's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Department, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with its accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of funding progress and employer contributions of the Maryland Transit Administration Other Post-employment Benefit Plan, and the special revenue funds schedule of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements. The statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

S& + Company, If C

Hunt Valley, Maryland November 17, 2014

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Maryland Department of Transportation (Department), we offer the citizens of Maryland and others interested in the Department's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on page 7 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Department exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$13,700,178,000 (net position). Of this amount, \$363,200,000 represents the unrestricted deficit primarily due to the reporting of unfunded pension and OPEB liability.
- The Department's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance, as of the close of the current fiscal year, of \$367,470,000, an increase of \$58,681,000 in comparison with the prior fiscal year.
- The Department's Consolidated Transportation Bonds debt outstanding increased by \$194,380,000 (12.0%) during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this increase were bond issuances of \$325,000,000, while the Department continued to make its regularly scheduled debt service principal payments during the year which totaled \$130,620,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Department's basic financial statements. The Department's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Department's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Department's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as one of several useful indicators of the Department's financial position. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Department's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Department that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions. The governmental activities of the Department include the Secretary's Office, the State Highway Administration (SHA), the Maryland Port Administration (MPA), the Motor Vehicle Administration (MVA), the Maryland Transit Administration (MTA), the

Maryland Aviation Administration (MAA), Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority Grants (WMATA), distributions to political subdivisions, distributions to other state agencies and debt service. The government-wide financial statements include only the Department (a special revenue fund of the State of Maryland), which has no component units and does not include the Maryland Transportation Authority, which is a separate enterprise fund of the State of Maryland. The government-wide financial statements can be found starting on page 30 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Department, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Department can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Department maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the special revenue fund and the debt service fund. The special revenue fund is considered to be a major fund. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found starting on page 33 of this report.

The Maryland General Assembly authorizes an annual appropriated budget for the Department's special revenue fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The budgetary comparison schedule can be found on page 69 of this report.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Department's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 40 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 42 of this report.

Changes in Governmental Accounting Standards

In June 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) approved a Statement that reflects substantial changes to the accounting and financial reporting of pension plans. Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, addresses financial reporting for state and local government pension plans. Statement No. 67 replaces the requirements of Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, for most public employee pension plans and replaces the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, for those governments and public pension plans. Under Statement No. 67, an emphasis is put on accounting for pension plans whereas Statement No. 25 dealt more with funding pension plans.

The Department's share of the unfunded liability will be calculated by dividing the Department's contribution to the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the System) by the total contributions to the System multiplied by the System's unfunded liability. The System's unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 2014 was \$19,562,274,000. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Department contributed \$51,941,000 to the System. Total contributions to the System were \$1,734,652,000 during fiscal year 2014.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Department's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees at the MTA, as well as the budget and actual comparison schedule. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 67 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the Department, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$13,700,178,000 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. By far the largest portion of the Department's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure), less any still outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The Department uses those capital assets to provide services to the citizens of Maryland; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Department's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The following schedule reflects the Department's Net Position Summary.

Maryland Department of Transportation Net Position

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental Activities	2014	2013
Current and other assets	\$ 1,098,394	\$ 988,788
Capital assets	16,706,298	16,250,916
Total assets	17,804,692	17,239,704
Deferred amount on refunding bonds	6,450	8,320
Long-term liabilities outstanding	3,336,247	3,032,742
Other liabilities	722,640	650,315
Total liabilities	4,058,887	3,683,057
	52.077	52.20 0
Deferred concession arrangement	52,077	53,209
Net position:		
Net Investment in capital assets	14,063,378	13,819,782
Unrestricted deficit	(363,200)	(324,664)
Total net position	\$13,700,178	\$13,495,118

The Department's net position increased by \$205,060,000 during the current fiscal year 2014, primarily due to our continued efforts to maintain, improve and expand our infrastructure network.

Governmental activities

Governmental activities, which represent the Department's overall economic position, increased the Department's net position by \$205,060,000. The key elements of the Department's governmental activities are as follows:

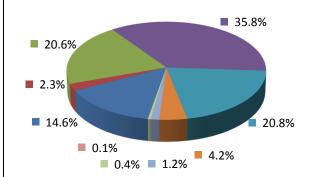
Maryland Department of Transportation Changes in Net Position

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental Activities	2014	2013	
Revenues:		_	
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 565,814	\$ 672,143	
Operating grants and contributions	90,574	72,397	
Capital grants and contributions	800,019	779,557	
General revenues:			
Motor vehicle taxes and fees	1,389,066	1,332,143	
Motor fuel taxes and fees	807,739	740,428	
Corporation income tax share	162,609	76,746	
State sales tax share	48,653	25,462	
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,156	764	
Other	16,518	7,235	
Total revenues	3,883,148	3,706,875	
Expenses:		_	
Secretary's Office	570,596	515,638	
State Highway Administration	1,436,114	1,186,116	
Port Administration	99,996	87,445	
Motor Vehicle Administration	207,342	195,803	
Transit Administration	886,966	888,137	
Aviation Administration	354,180	308,202	
Interest on long-term debt	122,894	110,984	
Total expenses	3,678,088	3,292,325	
Increase in net position	205,060	414,550	
Net position – July 1	13,495,118	13,082,448	
Net position as previously reported	13,700,178	13,496,998	
Prior period adjustment		(1,880)	
Net position – June 30	\$13,700,178	\$13,495,118	

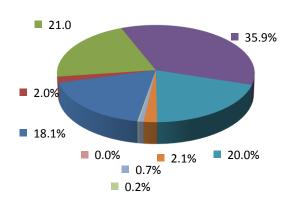
Below are the Department's Revenues by Source and Expenses by Function for Fiscal Years 2014 & 2013

Revenue 2014



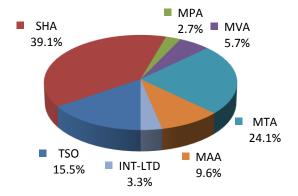
- Charges for services 14.6%
- Operating grants and contributions 2.3%
- Capital grants and contributions 20.6%
- Motor vehicle taxes and fees 35.8%
- Motor fuel taxes and fees 20.8%
- Corporation income tax share 4.2%
- State sales tax share 1.2%
- Unrestricted investment earnings 0.1%
- Other 0.4%

Revenue 2013



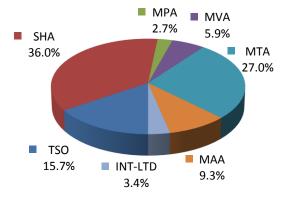
- Charges for services 18.1%
- Operating grants and contributions 2.0%
- Capital grants and contributions 21.0%
- Motor vehicle taxes and fees 35.9%
- Motor fuel taxes and fees 20.0%
- Corporation income tax share 2.1%
- State sales tax share 0.7%
- Unrestricted investment earnings 0.0%
- Other 0.2%

Expenses 2014



- Secretary's Office (TSO) 15.5%
- State Highway Administration (SHA) 39.1%
- Port Administration (MPA) 2.7%
- Motor Vehicle Administration (MVA) 5.7%
- Transit Administration (MTA) 24.1%
- Maryland Aviation Admin. (MAA) 9.6%
- Interest on Long-Term Debt (INT-LTD) 3.3%

Expenses 2013



- Secretary's Office (TSO) 15.7%
- State Highway Administration (SHA) 36.0%
- Port Administration (MPA) 2.7%
- Motor Vehicle Administration (MVA) 5.9%
- Transit Administration (MTA) 27.0%
- Maryland Aviation Admin. (MAA) 9.3%
- Interest on Long-Term Debt (INT-LTD) 3.4%

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Department uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the Department's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Department's financing requirements. In particular, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Department's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$367,470,000, an increase of \$58,681,000 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The Department's governmental funds increase is due primarily to the increase in revenue and liquidation of federal receivables. All of the special revenue fund balance is non-spendable, restricted, committed, and/or assigned fund balance and indicates that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed and/or assigned for the following purposes: (1) to maintain a separate nonspendable account for inventory activity balances in the amount of \$84,980,000; (2) to maintain a separate nonspendable account for prepaid expenses activity balances in the amount of \$107,891,000; (3) to maintain a separate committed account for encumbrances in the amount of \$26,989,000; (4) to maintain a separate assigned account for specific agency activity balances in the amount of \$576,000; and (5) to maintain a separate assigned account for transportation programs in the amount of \$134,703,000. All the debt service fund balance, in the amount of \$12,331,000, is restricted for debt interest payments.

The special revenue fund is the chief operating fund for the Department. As a measure of the special revenue fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the total fund balance of \$367,470,000 to the total Department expenditures of \$4,192,914,000. The total fund balance represents 8.8% of the total fund expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The Department's investments in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2014, amounts to \$16,706,298,000 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. In the current fiscal year, the Department's investments in capital assets increased by \$455,382,000.

Some of the major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction continued on the expansion and upgrading of the airport facilities at Baltimore Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport (BWI Marshall); construction in progress at BWI Marshall at the close of the current fiscal year increased to \$249,304,000 compared to \$166,045,000 in the prior fiscal year, while MAA buildings increased by \$21,905,000 and infrastructure increased by \$10,957,000 in the current fiscal year.
- A variety of widening and/or expansion of existing and new highways and bridges were completed in fiscal year 2014; infrastructure assets for SHA at the close of the current fiscal

year reached \$18,140,331,000 compared to \$17,302,532,000 in the prior fiscal year, a 4.8% increase.

• Various transit, port and motor vehicle administration construction projects began in fiscal year 2014; construction in progress for these administrations at the close of the current fiscal year was \$1,994,429,000 compared to \$1,667,585,000 in the prior fiscal year.

The following schedule reflects the Department's Capital Assets Summary.

Maryland Department of Transportation Capital Assets

(net of depreciation) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental Activities		June 30, 2014		June 30, 2013	
Land	\$	2,552,170	\$	2,474,404	
Buildings and improvements		1,356,568		1,362,204	
Machinery and equipment		664,665		678,353	
Infrastructure		9,195,993		9,129,611	
Seagirt Assets		52,077		53,209	
Construction in progress		2,884,825		2,553,135	
Total	\$	16,706,298	\$	16,250,916	

Additional information on the Department's capital assets can be found in note 8 on page 50 of this report.

Long-term debt

At the end of the current fiscal year the Department had total bonded debt outstanding of \$1,812,670,000, and represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

The following schedule reflects the Department's Outstanding Debt Summary.

Maryland Department of Transportation Outstanding Debt

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental Activities				June 30, 2013	
Consolidated transportation bonds	\$	1,812,670	\$	1,618,290	

The Department's consolidated transportation bonds outstanding debt increased by 12.0%. The issuance of \$225,000,000 in new debt in Series 2013, Second Issue Bonds and the issuance of \$100,000,000 in new debt in Series 2014 combined with the continued scheduled debt service principal payments made during the year resulted in the increase in debt outstanding in fiscal year 2014. The Department maintains an "AAA" rating with Standard & Poor's Corporation, an "AA+" rating with Fitch Ratings and an "Aa1" rating with Moody's Investors Services, Inc., for its consolidated transportation bonds. As provided by law, the maximum outstanding aggregate amount of Consolidated Transportation Bonds that may be outstanding increased from \$2,600,000,000 to \$4,500,000,000 effective June 1, 2013 and thereafter. The increase is pursuant to legislation enacted by the 2013 General Assembly, which also increased

transportation funding. The aggregate principal amount of those bonds that was allowed to be outstanding as of June 30, 2014 for the Department was \$2,292,670,000, which is higher than the Department's outstanding transportation-related debt. Additional information on the Department's long-term debt can be found in note 11 on page 51 of this report.

Capital leases. At the end of the current fiscal year the Department had capital leases outstanding of \$594,302,000. The following schedule reflects the Department's Capital Leases Summary.

Maryland Department of Transportation Capital Leases

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental Activities	June	30, 2014	Jun	e 30, 2013
Capital leases	\$	594,302	\$	591,783

The Department's capital lease obligations have increased slightly by \$2,519,000, during the current fiscal year. This increase is attributable to ongoing construction costs related to airport projects and continued scheduled capital lease payments at the various Department's port facilities, and transit facilities. The Department maintains an "AA+" rating with Standard & Poor's Corporation, an "Aa2" rating with Moody's Investors Services, Inc. and an "AA" with Fitch Ratings for Certificates of Participation which are included in capital lease obligations. Additional information on the Department's capital lease obligations can be found in note 12 on page 53 of this report.

Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Department's appropriations, between the original and final amended budget decreased by \$200,030,000 for special funds and decreased by \$144,328,000 for Federal funds during the current fiscal year. The decrease in special and federal fund appropriations was due to a mid-year budget evaluation analysis throughout the Department. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual can be found on page 69 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Maryland's economic indices showed a modest positive direction for the State this past fiscal year. Employment growth for the State of Maryland was 0.8% for the first three quarters of this year compared to 0.9% growth in 2013. The State's personal income is continuing to rise with a growth of 2% through the second quarter of 2014. Nationally, personal income grew by 3.8% for the same period.

Maryland's economy continues to slowly recover from the economic downturn. Although the pace of recovery is not as robust as that experienced in other recent economic cycles, steady growth is forecasted for the next several years. The unemployment rate, which peaked at 7.8% in 2010, is expected to be 5.6% for 2014. Job growth continues to be in professional and business services as well as education and health services.

The federal government sector, normally a positive driver to Maryland's economy, represents the major downside risk to the rate of growth. Maryland's economy is heavily reliant on federal spending. The fiscal concerns associated with federal spending continue to constrain economic recovery. Until the federal government's direction becomes clear, the outlook will remain cautiously optimistic.

During the 2013 Session of the General Assembly, the Transportation Infrastructure Investment Act of 2013 was enacted to increase transportation funding by increasing motor fuel taxes and requiring the Maryland Transit Administration, beginning in 2015, to increase base fare prices. These changes became effective July 1, 2013.

During the current fiscal year, assigned fund balance for transportation programs increased to \$134,703,000, from \$108,318,000 in the prior year primarily due to the realization revenue from the prior year federal receivable and reclassification of reserve for prepaid expenses in the amount of \$12,126,000 (net of current receivable) and \$107,891,000, respectively.

Requests for Information

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is designed to provide a general overview of the Department's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Mr. David L. Fleming, Chief Financial Officer, Office of Finance, MDOT - Secretary's Office, 7201 Corporate Center Drive, Hanover, MD, 21076.

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



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Statement of Net Position

As of June 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

(amounts expressed in thousands)	Total Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 257,909
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	24,715
Taxes receivable, net	122,322
Intergovernmental receivables	269,026
Other accounts receivable	46,005
Due from other state agencies	167,930
Inventories	84,980
Prepaids	125,507
Capital assets not depreciated:	
Construction in progress	2,884,825
Land	2,552,170
Capital assets depreciated (net of depreciation):	
Buildings and improvements	1,356,568
Machinery and equipment	664,665
Infrastructure	9,195,993
Seagirt assets	52,077
Total assets	17,804,692
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred amount of refunding bonds	6,450
LIABILITIES:	
Salaries payable	30,444
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	456,605
Accounts payable to political subdivisions	50,824
Due to other state agencies	2,443
Unearned revenue	151,813
Accrued interest payable	30,511
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	229,223
Due in more than one year	3,107,024
Total liabilities	4,058,887
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Deferred concession arrangement receipts	52,077
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	14,063,378
Unrestricted deficit	(363,200)
Total net position	\$ 13,700,178

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Ne	t (Expense)
					R	evenue and
					(Changes in
		I	Program Reven	ues	N	let Positon
			Ope rating	Capital		Total
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Go	ove rnme ntal
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:						
Secretary's Office	\$ 570,596	\$ 3,262	\$ 9,089	\$ 3,861	\$	(554,384)
State Highway Administration	1,436,114	40,586	10,844	610,435		(774,249)
Port Administration	99,996	54,099	-	288		(45,609)
Motor Vehicle Administration	207,342	4	9,355	71		(197,912)
Transit Administration	886,966	139,769	60,631	165,997		(520,569)
Aviation Administration	354,180	328,094	655	19,367		(6,064)
Interest on long-term debt	122,894	=	=	-		(122,894)
Total governmental activities	3,678,088	565,814	90,574	800,019		(2,221,681)
	General revenue	es:				
	Motor vehicle tax	es and fees				1,389,066
	Motor fuel taxes	and fees				807,739
	Corporation incor	ne tax share				162,609
	State sales tax sha	are				48,653
	Unrestricted inve	stment earnings	S			2,156
	Other revenue					16,518
	Total genera	al revenues				2,426,741
	Change in ne	t position				205,060
	Net position, July	1, 2013, as res	tated			13,495,118
	Net position, Ju	ne 30, 2014			\$	13,700,178

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2014

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Special	Other Governmental Fund Debt	Total Governmenta
	Revenue	Service	Funds
ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 257,909	\$ -	\$ 257,909
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	12,384	12,331	24,71:
Taxes receivable, net	122,322	-	122,32
Intergovernmental receivable	269,026	-	269,020
Other accounts receivable	46,005	-	46,00
Due from other state agencies	163,921	-	163,92
Inventories	84,980	-	84,980
Prepaids	107,891	-	107,89
Total assets	1,064,438	12,331	1,076,769
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES:			
Liabilities:			
Salaries payable	30,444	-	30,44
Accounts payable	456,605	-	456,603
Accounts payable to political subdivisions	50,824	-	50,82
Due to other state agencies	2,443	-	2,443
Unearned revenue	49,373	-	49,37
Total liabilities	589,689	-	589,689
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue	119,610	_	119,610
FUND BALANCES:			- , -
Nonspendable fund balance:			
Inventories	84,980	_	84,980
Prepaid items	107,891	_	107,89
Restricted fund balance:	107,071		107,07
Debt service	_	12,331	12,33
Committed fund balance	26,989	12,551	26,989
Assigned fund balance:	20,707		20,70
Agency activities	576	_	570
Transportation programs	134,703	_	134,70
Total fund balances	355,139	12,331	367,470
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund bala		\$ 12,331	_
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the st			
are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are no	ot financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fu	and statements.		16,706,29
MTA pension prepaid expenditure			17,61
Energy savings assets			4,00
Accrued interest payable on bonds and capital lease	es		(30,51
Long-term liabilities not due and payable in the cur	rent period and, the	erefore,	
are not reported in the fund financial statements, in	ncludes the followi	ng:	
Unavailable revenue			119,61
Advance rental payment			(102,440
Deferred amount on refunding bonds			6,45
Bonds payable			(1,812,670
Capital leases			(594,30)
Pollution liability			(156,16
MTA OPEB liability			(267,064
Net pension obligation			(198,020
Premium on bonds not liquidated with current fir	nancial resources		(136,16)
Workers' compensation costs			(67,04
Energy savings liability			(54,154
Compensated absences			(50,659
Deferred concession receipts			(52,07
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 13,700,17

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	nessea i		Other Governmental Fund	Total
		Special Revenue	Debt Service	Governmental Funds
REVENUES:		Revenue	Service	Funds
Taxes:				
Motor vehicle taxes and fees	\$	1,389,066	\$ -	\$ 1,389,066
Motor vehicle fuel taxes and fees	т	807,739	-	807,739
Revenue sharing of state corporation income tax		162,609	_	162,609
Revenue sharing of state sales tax		48,653	_	48,653
Federal reimbursements		902,719	_	902,719
Charges for services		452,406	_	452,406
Passenger facility charges		43,919	_	43,919
Customer facility charges		12,613	_	12,613
Special parking revenues		54,649	_	54,649
Investment earnings		2,154	2	2,156
Other		12,534	1,721	14,255
Total revenues		3,889,061	1,723	3,890,784
EXPENDITURES:	-	2,003,001	1,728	2,000,701
Current:				
Department administration, operating, and				
maintenance expenditures:				
Secretary's Office		162,011	_	162,011
State Highway Administration		383,632	_	383,632
Port Administration		84,585	_	84,585
Motor Vehicle Administration		187,521	_	187,521
Transit Administration		742,159	_	742,159
Aviation Administration		281,287	_	281,287
Intergovernmental:		201,207		201,207
Highway user revenue distributions and				
federal fund pass-thru to local subdivisions		244,448	_	244,448
Washington Metropolitan Area Transit		211,110		211,110
Authority Grants		404,995	_	404,995
Distributions to other state agencies		23,000	_	23,000
Debt service:		23,000		23,000
Principal repayment		_	130,620	130,620
Interest		_	76,614	76,614
Issuance expenditures		609	393	1,002
Capital outlay		1,471,040	-	1,471,040
Total expenditures		3,985,287	207,627	4,192,914
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(96,226)		(302,130)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(70,220)	(203,704)	(302,130)
Issuance of debt		325,000	_	325,000
Premium on bonds		20,568	12,724	33,292
Capital leases		2,519	12,727	2,519
Debt service transfer		(200,455)	200,455	2,317
Total other financing sources and uses	-	147,632	213,179	360,811
Net change in fund balances	-	51,406	7,275	58,681
Fund balances, July 1, 2013		303,733	5,056	308,789
Fund balances, June 30, 2014	\$	355,139	\$ 12,331	\$ 367,470

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activitie	s are differ	ent be cause:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 38)			\$ 58,681
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in	the statem	ent of	
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful l	lives and re	ported as	
depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays excee the current period.	ded depred	ciation in	
Capital outlays	\$	1,471,040	
Loss on disposal of assets	Ψ	(13,539)	
Depreciation expense		(1,002,119)	
Depreciation expense		(1,002,117)	455,382
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current finance	cial resource	es are not	133,302
reported as revenues in the funds.			
Unavailable revenue	\$	(12,596)	
Amortization of advance rental payments		2,227	
			(10,369)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current fina			
government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term del	bt consume	s the	
current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, h	owever, ha	is any	
effect on net positon. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issua	ince costs, j	premiums,	
discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts	unts are de	ferred and	
amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of the	hese differe	ences in	
the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Net premium on bonds	\$	(17,945)	
Principal repayment of bonds		130,620	
Debt Issued, transportation bonds		(325,000)	
Capital lease liability		(2,519)	
Amortized deferred amount on refunding bonds		(1,870)	
			(216,714)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the	use of curr	ent financial	
resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the government	mental func	ls.	
Accrued interest	\$	(3,816)	
Compensated absences		(2,276)	
Energy savings liability		3,796	
Workers compensation		(3,131)	
State pension obligation		(24,348)	
MTA OPEB obligation		(46,062)	
Energy savings asset		(7,215)	
			(83,052)
Deferred financing inflows			
Amortization of assets		1,132	
			1,132

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2014

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Maryland Transit Administration		
	Pension Plan	A	Agency
	Trust Fund		Funds
ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,912	\$	31,612
Investments, at fair value:			
Equity securities pool	76,863		-
Fixed income pool	42,500		-
Alternative investments pool	76,258		-
Real estate pool	8,929		-
Total investments	204,550		31,612
Contributions receivable	10,230		-
Accounts receivable	-		-
Total assets	223,692		31,612
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable		\$	31,612
NET POSITION:			
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 223,692		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Maryland Transit Administration Pension Plan Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS:			
Contributions from employer		\$	39,749
Investment earnings:			
Interest income	\$15,767		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	12,975	_	
Net investment earnings			28,742
Total additions			68,491
DEDUCTIONS:			
Benefit payments			32,598
Administrative expenses			1,571
Total deductions			34,169
Change in net postion			34,322
Net positon, July 1, 2013			189,370
Net position, June 30, 2014		\$	223,692

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

A. Reporting Entity:

The Maryland Department of Transportation (Department), a department of the State of Maryland, was established by statute in 1971. The Department is responsible for carrying out the Governor's policies in the area of transportation under statutory mandates, guidelines and constraints established by the State's General Assembly. The Department has the responsibility for most state-owned transportation facilities and programs, including planning, financing, construction, operation and maintenance of various modes of transportation and carrying out related licensing and administrative functions. The statutorily created transportation agencies included in the Department are the Maryland Aviation Administration (MAA), Maryland Port Administration (MPA), Motor Vehicle Administration (MVA), Maryland Transit Administration (MTA), State Highway Administration (SHA) and the Secretary's Office (TSO).

The accompanying financial statements include the Department, which has no component units. The Maryland Transportation Authority (Authority) is a separate entity with separate fiscal operations and management, and accordingly, is excluded from *The Financial Reporting Entity* of the Department, since it does not qualify for inclusion under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, because it is not financially accountable to the Department.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The Department's government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the government. As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The Department's governmental activities are supported primarily by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the Department's government-wide and fund financial statements, as fiduciary assets are not available for the Department's use.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the fiduciary fund (MTA Pension Plan Trust Fund).

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation:

The government-wide financial statements and the fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of

accounting revenues are recognized in the financial statements as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Department considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability or obligation is incurred as a result of goods or services rendered, as under accrual accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. Compensated absences, retirement and workers' compensation costs and claims, judgments and other liabilities not expected to be paid with current available resources are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Motor vehicle taxes, motor vehicle fuel taxes, charges for services, Federal reimbursements and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Department.

The Department collects and receives various types of motor vehicle taxes and fees. These taxes and fees consist primarily of a portion of the motor vehicle fuel taxes, motor vehicle titling taxes and motor vehicle registration fees. The Department accrues the June motor vehicle fuel taxes and titling taxes that are unremitted as of year-end as a receivable. These taxes are considered measurable and available since they represent June collections that are remitted to the Department in July and thereafter by merchants who collect these taxes. Expenditure-driven Federal grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred, all other grant requirements have been met and the reimbursement funding is available from the Federal government.

The Department reports the following major governmental fund:

Special Revenue Fund:

Transactions related to resources obtained, the uses of which are restricted for specific purposes, are accounted for in the special revenue fund. The special revenue fund accounts for resources used for operations (other than debt service and pension activities) of the Department, including construction and improvement of transportation facilities and mass transit operations. Fiscal resources dedicated to transportation operations include the excise taxes on motor vehicle fuel and motor vehicle titles, a portion of the State's corporation income tax and the State's sales tax, wharfage and landing fees, fare box revenues, bond proceeds, Federal grants for transportation purposes and other receipts of the Department's agencies. The Department's unexpended balances as of year-end do not revert to the State's general fund. In addition, the various categories of transportation bonds are serviced from the resources of the Department. The particular taxes and other designated revenues are dedicated to the payment of transportation bonds and constitute the sole sources to which holders of transportation bonds may legally look for repayment.

The Department reports the following non-major governmental fund:

Debt Service Fund:

Transactions related to the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term transportation debt of governmental funds are accounted for in the debt service fund.

Additionally, the Department reports the following fund types:

Pension Trust Fund:

The pension trust fund accounts for the activities of the MTA Pension Plan (the MTA Plan), which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Maryland Transit Administration

employees. The pension trust fund accounts for plan assets at their fair value. Additional information regarding the MTA Pension Plan is included in Note 15. The accounts of the pension trust fund are maintained and reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded in the fiduciary fund financial statements when earned, administrative expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred and pension benefits are recorded when paid.

Agency Fund:

The agency fund is custodial in nature and does not present the results of operations or have a measurement focus. The Department uses an agency fund to account for the receipt and disbursement of Federal grant proceeds collected by the Department for distribution to political subdivisions and the accumulation of and payment of funds for debt service issued under the alternative county transportation bond program. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the Department's policy is to use unrestricted resources first and then restricted resources as they are needed.

D. Change in Accounting Principles and Restatement of Beginning Balances Deferred Issuance Cost

In fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the Department implemented GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. The objective of this statement is to either (a) properly classify items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources and (b) recognize these items as outflows of resources (expenses) or inflows of resources (revenues). Bond issuance costs, which were previously deferred over the life of the existing debt, are now recognized as an expense. This is recorded as a prior period adjustment for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Net position of the Department has been restated by \$1,880,000 in the period ended June 30, 2013. The Net position as previously reported was \$13,496,998 less the prior period adjustment of \$1,880,000. The restated balance for the period ended June 30, 2013 was \$13,495,118, due to the write off of previous bond issuance costs which were being amortized over the life of the bonds.

E. New Pronouncements:

The Department has adopted the provision of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities; Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections – 2012 – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62; Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27; and Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees.

GASB statement No. 27; Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations; and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. As part of GASB 68, the Department will be required to record its share of the State's net unfunded pension liability. The Department's share of the unfunded liability will be calculated by dividing the Department's contribution to the Maryland State Retirement System (the System) by the total contributions to the System multiplied by the System's unfunded liability. The System's unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 2014 was \$19,562,274,000. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Department contributed \$51,941,000 to the System. Total contributions to the System were \$1,734,652,000 during fiscal year 2014. The Department has not calculated its share of the System's liability as of June 30, 2014; however, the Department is analyzing the effects of these pronouncements, which is expected to be material, and plans to adopt them applicable by their effective dates.

2. Summary of significant Accounting Policies-Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

A. All Funds:

1. Deposits and investments:

The Department's cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments maturing within 90 days from the date purchased are considered as cash and cash equivalents. The Department's investments are recorded at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized as revenue. The cash and cash equivalents and investments of the Pension Trust Fund are maintained by the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland (System) on a pooled basis. The System, in accordance with Article 73B, Section 160 of the Annotated Code of Maryland, is permitted to make investments subject to the terms, conditions, limitations and restrictions imposed by the Board of Trustees of the System. The law further provides that not more than 15% of the assets that are invested in common stocks may be invested in non-dividend paying common stock. The System's investments are commingled in three combined investment funds. Two investment funds consist principally of bonds and other fixed income investments, while the other investment fund consists principally of common stocks.

2. Receivables and payables:

Amounts due to the Department from various tax revenue sharing programs are recorded as taxes receivable, while amounts due to the Department from the Federal government are reported as intergovernmental receivables. Amounts representing balances due from the Authority and the State's General Fund are reported as due from other state agencies. Amounts representing balances due to the Authority and the State's General Fund are reported as due to other state agencies. Amounts representing balances due to political subdivisions are reported as accounts payable to political subdivisions.

3. Inventories and prepaid items:

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. In governmental fund type accounts, prepaid expenses are generally accounted for using the purchases method. Under the purchases method, prepaid expenses are treated as expenditures when purchased rather than accounted for as an asset.

4. Grants:

Revenues from Federal reimbursement type grants are recognized when the related expenditures are incurred and the revenues are both measurable and available. The government considers all grant revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal period.

5. Capital assets:

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, construction in progress and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Department as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$50,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Cost on constructed assets includes materials, labor, design and any other costs directly related to putting the asset in use. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	5-50
Transit vehicles and equipment	10-25
Other vehicles	3-10
Office equipment	3-10
Computer equipment	3-10
Computer software	5-10
Infrastructure	10-50

6. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or debt.

7. Compensated absences:

It is the State's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the State does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the State. All vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations and/or retirements. Principally all full-time State employees accrue annual leave based on the number of years employed up to a maximum of 25 days per calendar year. Earned annual leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 75 days as of the end of each calendar year. Accumulated earned, but unused annual leave for the Department's employees is accounted for in the government-wide financial statements.

8. Long-term obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period the debt is issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as operating expenditures.

9. Fund balance:

The Department's Balance Sheet for the reservation of fund balance includes the following categories: (1). Nonspendable fund balance (which includes inventory of supplies and prepaid items), (2). Restricted fund balance (like for debt service items), (3). Committed fund balance (like for encumbrances), and (4). Assigned fund balance (like for loans receivable, agency activities and other function related activities) for Special Revenue funds within the Department.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Department's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) as they are

needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the Department's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

3. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

A. Explanation of the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund Balance Sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and total net position – total governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances includes reconciliation between the net change in fund balance – total governmental funds and the change in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. The statement of net position should report all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. The statement of net position presents formats that displays assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, although a balance sheet format (assets plus deferred outflows of resources equals liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, plus net position) may be used. Regardless of the format used, the statement of net position should report the residual amount as net position, rather than net assets, proprietary or fiduciary fund balance, or equity. Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position and should be displayed in three components—net investment in capital assets; restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions); and unrestricted.

4. Deposits and Investments:

As of June 30, 2014, the Department had the following investments:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Investment Type	Fair Value
Money Markets - Agency Funds	\$ 31,612
Pooled investments - Pension Trust Fund	204,550
State Treasurer's pooled – Special Fund	257,909
Restricted investment- Special Fund	24,715
Total investments at fair value	\$ 518,786

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Department's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the Maryland State Treasurer (Treasurer) policy on all of the Department's investments. The Treasurer's investment policy states that to the extent possible, it will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the Treasurer will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase. The Department followed this policy for all of its investments.

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Department's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Treasurer's policy, which requires that the Treasurer's investments in repurchase agreements be collateralized by U.S. Treasury and agency obligations. In addition, investments may be made directly in U.S. agency obligations. These agency obligations are rated Aa1 by Moody's and AAA by Standard and Poor's. State law also requires that money market mutual funds contain only U.S. Treasuries or agencies or

repurchase agreements secured by U.S. Treasuries or agencies. The money market mutual funds are rated Aaa/AAA.

Concentration of credit risk:

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Department's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Treasurer's policy, which states the investment policy limits the amount of repurchase agreements to be invested with a particular institution to 30% of the portfolio. Other than that, there is no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk - deposits and investments:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Department's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are (a) uncollateralized, (b) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (c) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Department's name. The Department does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but follows the Treasurer's policy that states the Treasurer may deposit in a financial institution in the State any unexpended or surplus money in which the Treasurer has custody. As of June 30, 2014, none of the Department's bank balance was uninsured or uncollateralized; none was uninsured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution; and none were uninsured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or fiscal agent, but not in the Department's name. The Treasurer (i.e., law, regulation or formal policy) defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments for the Department and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

As of June 30, 2014 the Department reported a total of \$24,715,000 in *Cash and cash equivalents* – *restricted* on the Department's balance sheet. This amount consists of \$12,384,000 restricted cash for the construction retainages related to the SHA road projects and MAA airport projects and \$12,331,000 for bond premiums in the debt service fund.

The Treasurer authorizes the Department to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; obligations of U.S. agencies and instrumentalities; repurchase agreements secured by an U.S. Treasury agency; instrumentality obligations or bankers' acceptances guaranteed by a financial institution with the highest short-term debt rating by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO); commercial paper with the highest rating by at least one NRSRO; shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined by the Treasurer; and Maryland local government pooled with short-term investments.

5. Receivables and Unearned Revenue:

The Department's receivables as of June 30, 2014 for the individual funds were as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Special	,
Receivables	Revenue	Total
Taxes receivable	\$ 122,322	\$ 122,322
Intergovernmental receivable	269,026	269,026
Other accounts receivable	46,005	46,005
Due from other state agencies	163,921	163,921
Net total receivables	\$ 601,274	\$ 601,274

The Department's Taxes receivable consist of receivables recorded at year-end for the Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax Division in the amount of \$77,934,000 and the MVA's titling tax in the amount of \$44,388,000. The Department's Intergovernmental receivables consist of receivables from the Federal government in the amount of \$263,635,000 and from the local subdivisions in the amount of \$5,391,000. The Department's other accounts receivable, of \$46,005,000; consist of miscellaneous receivables recorded at fiscal year-end across the Department.

A balance of \$42,835,000 is reported as Due from other state agencies in the Special Revenue Fund for the amount due from the State Comptroller's Revenue Administration Division for cash transfers not transferred to the Department as of June 30, 2014. Also included in Due from other state agencies is the amount \$77,103,000, for the amount due from the Authority for Passenger Facility Charge (PFC), Customer Facility Charge (CFC) and special parking revenue collections; \$17,376,000 is reported as Due from other state agencies in the Special Revenue Fund for the amount due from the Authority for the ICC project; \$26,607,000 is reported as Due from other state agencies, which is due from the Maryland Department of Budget and Management (DBM) for the health benefits refund. Also included in Due from other state agencies on the Statement of Net Position is the amount for the Department's Energy Performance Contract (EPC) as of June 30, 2014, in the amount of \$4,009,000.

The Department's unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned was \$151,813,000 as of June 30, 2014. The Department reported unearned revenue for customer prepayments of future airport services to be provided by the MAA in the amount of \$2,203,000, \$16,000 motor vehicle refunds by the MVA, \$47,154,000 for revenues collected by the SHA for advanced contract payments and \$102,440,000 for advanced rental payments related to MPA's service concession agreement.

As of June 30, 2014, the Department also reported unearned revenue in the governmental funds in the amount of \$49,373,000 for unearned customer prepayments. Unavailable revenue was comprised of \$77,103,000 for the balance in the MAA PFC's and CFC Improvement Funds and \$42,507,000 related to federal receivables that were not collectable within the period available.

6. Interfund Transfers:

The interfund transfers for the Department for the year ended June 30, 2014, were as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
Debt service fund	Special revenue fund	\$ 200,455

The purpose of this interfund transfer is to record the amount of revenue transferred from the special revenue fund to the debt service fund for debt service principal and interest payments. This transfer is reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the year ended June 30, 2014 as a Debt service transfer under Other Financing Sources (Uses).

7. <u>Due to Other State Agencies</u>:

The amount reported as Due to other state agencies within the Special Revenue Fund in the accompanying balance sheet is \$2,443,000. This represents the amount due to the State's General Fund for motor vehicle fuel tax, hazmat program, auto safety and commercial vehicle enforcement which was not transferred as of June 30, 2014.

8. Capital Assets:

Depreciation expense on capital assets charged to the Department's modal administration/functions in the Statement of Activities as of June 30, 2014, was as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

(
Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities			
Secretary's Office	\$	5,169	
State Highway Administration		753,738	
Port Administration		22,071	
Motor Vehicle Administration		13,321	
Transit Administration		126,544	
Aviation Administration		81,276	
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	1,002,119	

The Department's Capital assets activity by asset classification, including accumulated depreciation, for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Capital Assets -	Balance		,	Transfers	Balance
Governmental activities	July 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	In (Out)	June 30, 2014
Capital Assets not depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,474,404	\$ 7,220	\$ (1,042)	\$ 71,588	\$ 2,552,170
Construction in progress	2,553,135	811,386	-	(479,696)	2,884,825
Total capital assets not depreciated	5,027,539	818,606	(1,042)	(408,108)	5,436,995
Capital assets depreciated:					
Building & improvements	2,532,022	21,820	(9,619)	56,526	2,600,749
Machinery & equipment	2,058,970	31,973	(24,031)	70,395	2,137,307
Infrastructure	20,436,011	598,641	(8,755)	281,187	21,307,084
Seagirt Assets	54,341	-	-	=	54,341
Total capital assets depreciated	25,081,344	652,434	(42,405)	408,108	26,099,481
Accumulated depreciation for:					
Building & improvements	(1,169,818)	(80,726)	6,363	-	(1,244,181)
Machinery & equipment	(1,380,617)	(115,570)	23,545	-	(1,472,642)
Infrastructure	(11,306,400)	(804,691)	-	-	(12,111,091)
Seagirt Assets	(1,132)	(1,132)	-	-	(2,264)
Total accumulated depreciation	(13,857,967)	(1,002,119)	29,908	-	(14,830,178)
Net capital assets after depreciation	11,223,377	(349,685)	(12,497)	408,108	11,269,303
Net total capital assets –					
governmental activities	\$16,250,916	\$ 468,921	\$ (13,539)	\$ -	\$ 16,706,298

9. Service Concession Arrangement:

The Department implemented GASB Statement No. 60 'Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements' as of July 1, 2012. The Department has entered into a long-term lease with Ports America Corporation (PAC) to manage, operate and maintain the Dundalk Marine terminal. These agreements satisfy the criteria established to be considered service concession arrangements (SCAs). Under the terms of the ground lease, the Department transfers rights to PAC for a term of 50 years. After 50 years the Department has the option to buy PAC's equipment. PAC charges and collects fees from the user for container lifts, short tons of roll on-roll off, break-bulk and bulk cargo and pays the

operating costs, management fee and debt service associated with the project. The Department has the ability to approve what services the operator is required to provide.

As of June 30, 2014, the Capital assets, net accumulated depreciation and deferred service concession arrangement receipts were \$52,077,000.

10. <u>Long-term Liabilities</u>: Changes in long-term liabilities:

The Department's long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Beginning						Ending			
	Balance						Balance	Du	e Within	
Governmental activities:	July 1, 2013	A	dditions	Reductions		June 30, 2014		luctions June 30, 2014 On		ne Year
Transportation bonds*	\$1,618,290	\$	325,000	\$	(130,620)	\$	1,812,670	\$	152,415	
Capital leases*#	591,783		2,519		=		594,302		39,299	
Pollution obligations	156,161		-		-		156,161		-	
MTA OPEB obligations	221,002		46,062		-		267,064		-	
State Pension obligations	173,678		24,348		-		198,026		-	
Premium on bonds*	118,222		33,292		(15,347)		136,167		15,659	
Worker's compensation costs	63,913		18,893		(15,762)		67,044		10,392	
EPC obligations*	57,950		-		(3,796)		54,154		3,963	
Compensated absences	48,383		32,458		(30,182)		50,659		7,495	
Total long-term liabilities – governmental activities	\$3,049,382	\$	482,572	\$	(195,707)	\$	3,336,247	\$	229,223	

Note: * These items are combined for the net related debt calculation on the Statement of Net Position section entitled Net Position – Net investment in capital assets. # For capital leases, principal payments were made by monies held by the trustees to show a net reduction of zero.

The Treasurer's Office negotiated financing for the EPC obligations in the amount of \$54,154,000; certain agencies have a Maryland Energy Administration (MEA) State Agency Loan Program (SALP) loan totaling \$5,151,000. The current portion that is due within one year is the principal due to the Treasurer's Office in the amount of \$3,515,000 and the agencies SALP portion in the amount of \$448,000; see footnote 17 for additional program details.

The Department's long-term liabilities, other than consolidated transportation bonds, are generally liquidated through the special revenue fund. The Department estimates there are no material liabilities for arbitrage rebates as of June 30, 2014.

11. Transportation bonds:

The Department issues Consolidated Transportation Bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Consolidated Transportation Bonds are limited obligations issued by the Department for highway, port, airport, rail or mass transit facilities or any combination of such facilities. The principal must be paid within 15 years from the date of issue. As provided by law, the General Assembly shall establish in the budget for any fiscal year a maximum outstanding aggregate amount of these Consolidated Transportation Bonds as of June 30 of the respective fiscal year that does not exceed \$4,500,000,000. The aggregate principal amount of those bonds that were allowed to be outstanding as of June 30, 2014, was \$2,292,670,000. The aggregate principal amount of Consolidated

Transportation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2014, was \$1,812,670,000. Consolidated Transportation Bonds are paid from the Debt Service Fund.

The Department's Transportation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)						
	Interest Rates	Amount				
Consolidated Transportation Bonds - due serially						
through 2029 – for state transportation activity	2.0-5.5%	\$1,641,855				
Consolidated Transportation Bonds, refunding – due serially						
through 2019 - for state transportation activity	5.0%	170,815				
Total consolidated transportation bonds		\$1,812,670				

Principal and interest on Consolidated Transportation Bonds are payable from the proceeds of certain excise taxes levied by statute, a portion of the corporate income tax and a portion of the State sales tax credited to the Department. These amounts are applicable to the extent necessary for that exclusive purpose before being available for other uses by the Department. If those tax proceeds become insufficient to meet debt service requirements, other receipts of the Department are available for that purpose. The holders of such bonds are not entitled to look to other State resources for payment. Under the terms of authorizing bond resolutions, additional Consolidated Transportation Bonds may be issued provided, among other conditions, that (i) total receipts (excluding Federal funds for capital projects, bond and note proceeds and other receipts not available for debt service), less administration, operation and maintenance expenses for the preceding fiscal year, equal at least two times the maximum annual debt service on all Consolidated Transportation Bonds outstanding and to be issued, and (ii) total proceeds from pledged taxes equal at least two times the maximum annual debt service on all consolidated transportation bonds outstanding and to be issued.

County Transportation Bonds are issued by the Department and the proceeds are used by participating counties and Baltimore City to fund local road construction, reconstruction and other transportation projects and facilities and to provide local participating funds for Federally-aided highway projects. Debt service on these bonds is payable from the participating counties' and Baltimore City's share of highway user revenues. Legislation was enacted during the 1993 session of the General Assembly that established an alternative county transportation bond program. This new legislation provides features similar to the previous program except that the county transportation debt will be the obligation of the participating counties rather than the Department. Unexpended bond proceeds in the amount of \$20,968,000 and certain debt service sinking fund amounts aggregating \$10,644,000 were invested in money market accounts as of June 30, 2014. These funds are reported as restricted cash and cash equivalent in the agency funds. The two amounts are restricted for project funds and county bond debt service respectively. \$94,930,000 in County Transportation Revenue Bonds was outstanding on June 30, 2014.

On December 12, 2013 consolidated transportation bonds in the amount of \$225,000,000 were issued by the Department with a premium of \$20,568,000. These bonds are dated December 12, 2013 with maturities ranging from December 1, 2016 to December 1, 2028 at an interest rate ranging from 3.0-5.0%. On June 26, 2014, consolidated transportation bonds in the amount of \$100,000,000 were issued by the Department with a premium of \$12,724,000. These bonds are dated June 26, 2014 with maturities ranging from June 1, 2017 to June 1, 2029 at interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.5%.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for transportation bonds in future years are as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Years Ending		onsolidated ansportation		onsolidated ansportation	tal Transportation ond Debt Service
June 30,	Bo	nds-Principal	Bo	nds-Interest	Requirements
2015	\$	152,415	\$	79,989	\$ 232,404
2016		170,150		73,229	243,379
2017		205,860		64,667	270,527
2018		198,630		54,833	253,463
2019		160,920		46,038	206,958
2020-2024		670,160		132,108	802,268
2025-2029		254,535		24,966	279,501
Total	\$	1,812,670	\$	475,830	\$ 2,288,500

12. Operating and Capital Leases:

Operating Leases:

The Department leases office space under various agreements that are accounted for as operating leases. Rent expense under these agreements was \$2,937,000 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

The future minimum operating lease payments under these agreements as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)							
	Operating Leases						
	Future Minimum						
Years Ending June 30,		Payments					
2015	\$	3,215,193					
2016		3,155,837					
2017		2,960,739					
2018		2,772,911					
2019		2,689,279					
2020 & after		5,806,454					
Total operating leases	\$	20,600,413					

Capital Leases:

The Department has entered into several lease agreements for the financing of various transportation related projects. The Department has also entered into agreements with the Maryland Transportation Authority for the financing of various aviation projects. The Department has reported obligations under capital leases of \$594,302,000, as of June 30, 2014. The Department's activity related to capital leases is included in the table in note 10 (see section titled Changes in long-term liabilities).

The Department's capital lease obligations as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

• \$14,515,000 in obligations related to Project Certificates of Participation for the Maryland Aviation Administration Facilities, Series 2010 (refunding), issued on December 1, 2010, at annual interest rates ranging from 3.00-5.00%;

- \$10,950,000 in obligations related to Project Certificates of Participation for the Maryland Transit Administration Project, Series 2010 (refunding), issued on December 1, 2010, at annual interest rates ranging from 3.00-5.00%;
- \$3,800,000 in obligations related to Certificates of Participation for the BWI Marshall Airport Shuttle Bus Fleet Acquisition, Series 2004, issued on October 7, 2004, at annual interest rates ranging from 2.75-3.60%;
- \$19,225,000 in obligations related to Certificates of Participation for the Maryland Port Administration Facility Project, Series 2006, issued on June 14, 2006, at annual interest rates ranging from 4.25-5.25%;
- \$8,361,000 for the Authority's financing of the MPA's Masonville Automobile terminal at an annual interest rate of 5.5%;
- \$177,525,000 for the Maryland Economic Development Corporation bond issuance for the Maryland Aviation Facilities, issued on April 3, 2003, at annual interest rates ranging from 4.5-5.5%;
- \$18,720,000 for the Maryland Economic Development Corporation bond issuances for the financing of the Department's headquarters building, original bonds issued on June 27, 2002, refunding bonds issued May 25, 2010 at annual interest rates ranging from 3.0-4.5%;
- \$158,594,000 on long-term obligations related to the financing of BWI Marshall Airport parking and roadway projects. Bonds associated with this agreement were issued by the Maryland Transportation Authority in the amount of \$264,075,000 on March 5, 2002, and refunded on April 25, 2012, with annual interest rates ranging from 4.0 5.0%; the total liability is \$171,180,000 (less monies the Authority's trustee is holding);
- \$89,454,000 on long-term obligations related to the financing of BWI Marshall Airport Consolidated Rental Car Facility. Bonds associated with this agreement were issued by the Authority in the amount of \$117,345,000 on June 18, 2002, at annual interest rates ranging from 2.74-6.65%; the total liability is \$96,495,000;
- Variable rate demand bonds for BWI Marshall Airport's various airport improvement projects were issued by the Authority in the amount of \$69,700,000 on December 16, 2003, at a variable interest rate. The total liability is \$0; the final payment date was July 1, 2013.
- \$44,899,000 minimum payments, for the financing of certain airport facilities project located at BWI Marshall Airport including construction of a connector hallway between Concourse B and C. Bonds were issued by Maryland Transportation Authority on April 25, 2012, in the amount of \$50,905,000 at annual interest rates ranging from 4.0 5.0%; As of June 30, 2014, the total liability is \$47,275,000 (less monies the Authority's trustee is holding);
- \$48,259,000 on long-term obligations related to the financing of BWI Marshall Airport's runway safety and paving improvement projects. Bonds were issued by the Maryland Transportation Authority on December 13, 2012, in the amount of \$92,070,000 fixed rate bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0-4.0% and \$43,400,000 of variable rate demand bonds. As of June 30, 2014, the interest rate on the variable rated bonds was .09%. Total liability is \$130,010,000 (less monies the Authority's trustee is holding).

As bond proceeds are spent for construction, the Department's liability (or minimum payments) and related capital assets will increase, accordingly. Once construction is completed, the Construction in Progress asset will become a Building or Infrastructure asset.

The future minimum capital lease obligations and the net value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Years Ending June 30,	Amount
2015	\$ 66,601
2016	66,587
2017	65,208
2018	63,646
2019	63,566
2020-2024	299,208
2025-2029	228,278
2030-2034	88,035
Total minimum lease payments	941,129
Less: amount representing interest	243,073 (a)
Less: funds held by bond trustee	103,754 (b)
Value of minimum lease payments	\$ 594,302

- (a) The interest represents 25.8% of the total minimum lease principal payments due.
- (b) The reduction shown in the amount of \$103,754,000 are monies held by the bond trustee on behalf of the Maryland Transportation Authority to be used for construction and Debt service reserve fund expenditures.

The capital assets acquired through capital leases as of June 30, 2014 were as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Capital Asset	Amount
Construction in progress	\$ 171,688
Land and improvements	20,990
Buildings and improvements	855,959
Machinery and equipment	66,474
Infrastructure	286,527
Total acquired capital assets	1,401,638
Less: accumulated depreciation	440,730
Total capital assets – net	\$ 960,909

13. Pollution Remediation Obligations:

The Department has recognized a pollution remediation obligation on the Statement of Net Position for governmental activities. A pollution remediation obligation is an obligation to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities, including pre-cleanup activities, cleanup activities, government oversight and enforcement, and post remediation monitoring. Obligating events that initiate the recognition of a pollution remediation liability include any of the following: (a) There is an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public; (b) The Department is in violation of a pollution prevention related permit or license; (c) The Department is identified as a responsible party or potentially responsible party by an environmental regulator; (d) The Department is named or has evidence that it will be named in a lawsuit to participate in pollution remediation; or (e) The Department voluntarily commences, or legally obligates itself to commence, cleanup activities, monitoring or operations and maintenance of pollution remediation efforts.

The pollution remediation obligation is an estimate and subject to change resulting from price increases or reductions, technology advances or from changes in applicable laws or regulations. The liability is recognized as it becomes estimable. In some cases, this may be at inception. In other cases, components of a liability are recognized as they become reasonably estimable. At a minimum, the liability is reviewed for sufficiency when various benchmarks occur and as remediation is implemented and monitored. The measurement of the liability is based on the current value of outlays to be incurred using the expected cash flow technique. This technique measures the sum of probability-weighted amounts in a range of possible potential outcomes – the estimated mean or average.

The Department's pollution remediation liability as of June 30, 2014, is estimated to be \$156,161,000 for cleanup projects at the SHA, the MPA, the MTA and the MAA with no expected recoveries from third parties to reduce the liability. Included in this liability are cost estimates for site monitoring and repair excavation of road and infrastructure, and replacement of buildings as a result of contaminations by hazardous materials under Federal and State law. In these cases, either the Department has been named in a lawsuit by a State Regulator or the Department has legally obligated itself under the Environmental Article, Section 7-201, of the Annotated Code of Maryland. These cost estimates for the Department's pollution remediation, due to site contamination from hazardous materials, are based on engineering design estimates. The estimated long-term costs that the Department may be responsible for over the next 15 years include: various cleanup projects related to several MTA construction sites and projects related to cleanup of underground hazardous substances at one of the MPA's marine terminals. The MPA is only responsible for 23% of the total remediation costs. The Department did not incur any significant costs to reduce the liability or identify any new technology that would change the liability during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

14. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB):

<u>State Employee and Retiree Health and Welfare Benefits Program of Maryland:</u> Plan Description:

The members of the Maryland State Retirement, Pension and Law Enforcement Officers' Systems and their dependents are provided postemployment health care benefits through the State Employee and Retiree Health and Welfare Benefits Program (OPEB Plan). The OPEB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit health care plan established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article, Section 2-501 through 2-516 of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The OPEB Plan is self-insured to provide medical, hospitalization, prescription drugs and dental insurance benefits to eligible State employees, retirees and their dependents. State law grants authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Secretary of the DBM. In addition, the Secretary of DBM shall specify by regulation the types or categories of State employees who are eligible to enroll, with or without State subsidies, or who are not eligible to enroll.

Effective June 1, 2004, the State of Maryland established the Postretirement Health Benefits Trust Fund (OPEB Trust) as a separate entity to receive appropriated funds and contributions which will be used to assist the OPEB Plan in financing the State's postretirement health insurance subsidy. The OPEB Trust is established in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article, Section 34-101, of the Annotated Code of Maryland and is administered by the Board of Trustees for the State Retirement and Pension System. Financial statements of the OPEB Trust may be obtained from the Office of the Maryland Comptroller, Treasury Building, Annapolis, MD 21401. A separate valuation is not performed by the Department. The Department's only obligation to the OPEB Plan is its required annual contribution.

Funding Policy:

The contribution requirements of the OPEB Plan members and the State are established by the DBM Secretary. Each year the DBM Secretary recommends to the Maryland Governor the State's share of the costs of the OPEB Plan. Beginning in fiscal year 2008, Maryland State law requires DBM to transfer any subsidy received as a result of the Federal Medicare Prescription Drug Improvement Act of 2003 or a similar subsidy to the OPEB Trust to prefund the costs of retirees' health benefits. Also, funds may be separately appropriated in the State's budget to transfer to the OPEB Trust.

Generally, a retiree may enroll and participate in the health benefit options if the retiree retired directly from State service with at least five years of creditable service, ended State service with at least 10 years of creditable service and within five years before the age at which a vested retirement allowance normally would begin or ended State service with at least 16 years of creditable service. Based on current practice, the State subsidizes approximately 50 to 85% of retiree premiums to cover medical, dental, prescription and hospitalization costs, depending on the type of insurance plan. The OPEB Plan is a cost sharing plan with the State of Maryland and assesses a charge to retirees for post-employment health care benefits, which is based on health care insurance charges for current employees. The Department's share of these retirees health insurance costs were \$21,798,000 for the year ending June 30, 2014, and was included in the health care costs allocated to all participating employers.

The Schedule of MDOT's Employer Contributions for the OPEB Plan is as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)								
Fiscal Year	1	Annual Annual						
Ended	R	equired	Cor	ntribution	Net	OPEB	Percentage	
June 30 ,	Co	ntribution	Paid		Obligation		Contributed	
2012	\$	24,526	\$	24,526	\$	-	100.0 %	
2013		28,981		28,981		-	100.0	
2014		21,798		21,798		-	100.0	

Maryland Transit Administration Pension Plan - OPEB:

Plan Description:

The members of the MTA Plan are provided post-employment health care benefits through the State Employee and Retiree Health Plan or the MTA Health Plan. The MTA currently funds retirees' health care cost on a pay-as-you-go basis. As retirees incur expenses, the MTA pays out funds based on the appropriate benefit structure. The MTA does not currently have a separate fund set aside to pay health care costs. The MTA provides health care coverage for over 1300 retirees. Retirees make the same contributions as active employees; however, Medicare contributions are handled separately.

Funding Policy:

The Department is required by law to provide funding each year to the OPEB Plan for the Department's share of the pay-as-you-go amount necessary to provide current benefits to retired employees and their dependents. The MTA healthcare benefits including Medical (PPO or HMO), prescription drug, dental and vision plans are provided to retirees meeting the following eligible criteria:

- 1. Age 65 with 5 years of service
- 2. Age 52 with 30 years of service
- 3. Age 55 with at least 30 years of service, including military and other qualifying service credits
- 4. Disabled with 5 years of service
- 5. Surviving spouse subsidized benefit for 3 years

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation:

The Department's annual OPEB cost, related to the MTA Plan, is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation for the MTA Plan as of June 30, 2014 was:

(amounts expressed in thousa	inds))
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	70,512
Interest on OPEB obligations		9,393
Adjustment to the OPEB cost		(15,460)
Annual OPEB cost		64,445
Contributions made in current fiscal year		(18,383)
Increase in OPEB obligation		46,062
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year		221,002
Net OPEB obligation end of fiscal year	\$	267,064

The three-year historical trend information for the MTA Plan is as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

				Annual				
Fiscal Year	Annual		Contribution		Net OPEB		Percentage	
Ended June 30,	OP	EB Cost	Paid		O	bligation	Contributed	
2012	\$	52,211	\$	15,103	\$	169,285	28.9 %	
2013		65,864		14,147		221,003	21.5	
2014		64,444		18,383		267,064	28.5	

Funded Status and Funding Progress:

The funded status of the OPEB Plan for the MTA Plan is as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Actuarial	Act	uarial	Actuarial	-	Unfunded		Percentage of
Valuation	Val	ue of	Accrued	Act	uarial Accrued	Covered	UAAL over
Date	As	sets	Liability	Lia	bility (UAAL)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
6/30/2009	\$	- \$	431,500	\$	431,500 \$	151,560	284.7 %
6/30/2011		-	527,679		527,679	147,474	357.8
6/30/2013		-	670,833		670,833	137,596	487.5

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

An actuarial valuation of an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and healthcare cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with the past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

A projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and includes the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the efforts of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial method and significant assumptions listed below were used in the actuarial valuation of the OPEB Plan for the MTA Plan as of June 30, 2014, was as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal, Level Dollar

Asset Valuation Method:
Amortization Method:
Status of Period (open or closed):

Market Value
Level dollar
Closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 21 years as of June 30, 2014

Rate of Return on Investments: 4.25% Projected Inflation Rate: 4.5%

Projected Post-retirement Cost Rate: Medical/Prescription 8.0%/9.0% in FY2014 and

decreasing to 4.5% over 12 years Dental/Vision: 4.5% per year

Administrative Expenses 4.0% per year

15. Retirement Systems and Pension Plans:

State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland:

The Department contributes to the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland (System), established by the State to provide pension benefits for State employees (other than employees covered by the MTA Plan described below) and employees of various participating political subdivisions or other entities within the State. The non-State entities that participate within the System receive separate actuarial valuations in order to determine their respective funding levels and actuarial liabilities. While the System is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, the Department accounts for the plan as a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system as a separate valuation is not performed for the Department and the Department's only obligation to the plan is its required annual contributions. Retirement benefits are paid from the System's pooled assets rather than from assets relating to a particular plan participant. Consequently, the System is accounted for as a single plan as defined in GASB Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosure for Defined Contribution Plans. The System is considered part of the State's financial reporting entity, and is not considered part of the Department's reporting entity. The System prepares separate audited Financial Statements, which can be obtained from the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, 120 East Baltimore Street, Suite 1600, Baltimore, MD 21202.

Plan description:

The System is administered in accordance with State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland and consists of several plans which are managed by the Board of Trustees for the System. All State employees, with the exception of employees covered by the Maryland Transit Administration Pension Plan, and employees of the participating entities are covered by the plans.

"Retirement System" – retirement programs for substantially all State employees, teachers, State police and judges who are not members of the State Pension System.

"Pension System" – retirement programs for employees and teachers hired after January 1, 1980, and prior employees who have elected to transfer from the Retirement System.

The System provides retirement, death and disability benefits in accordance with State statutes. Vesting begins after completing 5 years of service. A member terminating employment before attaining retirement age but after completing 5 years of service becomes eligible for a vested retirement allowance

provided the member lives to age 60 (age 62 for the Pension System, age 50 for State Police) and does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions. Members of the Retirement System may retire with full benefits after attaining the age of 60 or completing 30 years of service credit, regardless of age. Members of the Pension System may retire with full benefits after attaining age 62 or after completing 30 years of service credit, regardless of age. State police members may retire with full benefits after attaining age 50 or completing 22 years of service credit, regardless of age. Members of the Law Enforcement Officers System may retire with full benefits at age 50 or completing 25 years of service credit, regardless of age.

The annual benefit for Retirement System members is equal to 1/55 (1.8%) of a member's highest three-year average salary multiplied by the number of years of service credit. A member may retire with reduced benefits after completing 25 years of service, regardless of age. Legislation enacted during the 1998 legislative session changed certain provisions of the Pension System and provided for a Contributory Pension System and a Non-Contributory Pension System. A member of the Contributory Pension System will generally receive, upon retirement, an annual service retirement allowance equal to 1.2% of the member's highest three-consecutive-year average salary multiplied by the number of years of service credit on or before June 30, 1998, plus 1.4% of the highest three-consecutive-year average salary multiplied by the number of years of service credit after July 1, 1998. The annual benefit for the Non-Contributory Pension System member is equal to 0.8% of the member's highest three-consecutive-year average salary multiplied by the number of years of service credit, with a provision for additional benefits for compensation earned in excess of the Social Security wage base. A member of either Pension System may retire with reduced benefits after attaining age 55 and completing 15 years of credited service.

On April 25, 2006, legislation was enacted with an effective date of July 1, 2006, that enhanced the pension benefits for active members, as of June 30, 2006, of the Pension System. According to the State Employees and Teacher's Pension Enhancement Benefit Act of 2006, the annual service retirement allowance remains equal to 1.2% of average final compensation times service credit to June 30, 1998 and increases to 1.8% of average final compensation times service credit from July 1, 1998 forward.

Funding policy:

The Department's required contributions are based upon actuarial valuations. Effective July 1, 1980, in accordance with the law governing the Systems, all benefits of the System are funded in advance. The aggregate entry age normal cost method is the actuarial cost method used to determine the employers' contribution rates and the actuarial accrued liability. Members of the Retirement System are required to contribute to the System a fixed percentage of their regular salaries and wages (7.0% or 5.0% depending on the retirement plan selected). Members of the Contributory Pension System are required to contribute to the System 5.0% of their regular salaries and wages. Members of the Non-Contributory Pension System are required to contribute to the System 5.0% of their regular salaries and wages that exceeds the Social Security wage base. State Police members are required to contribute 8.0% of their regular salaries and wages to the System. Members of the Law Enforcement Officers Pension System are required to contribute 4.0% of their earnable compensation to the System. All contributions are deducted from each member's salary, and the resulting payments are remitted to the System on a regular and periodic basis.

Beginning July 1, 2011, the General Assembly enacted pension reforms affecting both current active members and new hires. The member contribution rate was increased for members from 4% to 6% in fiscal year 2014 and 7% in fiscal year 2014 and beyond for members of the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System. In addition, the benefit attributable to service on or after July 1, 2011 in many of the

pension systems now will be subject to different cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) that is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and capped at 2.5% or 1.0% based on whether the market value investment return for the preceding calendar year was higher or lower than the investment return assumption used in the valuation (currently 7.75%). There were also changes to the provisions for members hired on or after July 1, 2011. The actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 was the first valuation which included members covered under the Reformed Benefit Plans applicable to members hired on or after July 1, 2011.

The contribution requirements of the System members and the Department are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees for the System. The Department made its contribution during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 in the amount of \$51,941,000, \$44,634,000, and \$38,671,000, respectively, which represented 71.8%, 64.6%, and 58.5%, respectively; of the required contributions for the Department. As of June 30, 2014, the Department has a cumulative obligation of \$194,092,000, which includes the interest accrual on the unpaid contribution amount. The Department has reported this obligation for required contributions related to employee services that have not been made to the cost-sharing plan.

The three-year historical trend information for the Department's portion of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland is as follows:

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Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Annual nsion Cost	Annual Contribution Paid		Percentage of Required Contributions
2012	\$ 66,050	\$ 38,671	\$149,232	58.5 %
2013	69,080	44,634	173,678	64.6
2014	76,289	51,941	198,026	68.1

Maryland Transit Administration Pension Plan:

Plan description:

The MTA Plan is a single employer noncontributory plan that covers all MTA employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement and all those management employees who were employed by the Baltimore Transit Company. In addition, employees who enter the management group as a result of a transfer from a position covered by a collective bargaining agreement maintain their participation. The MTA Plan is part of the Department's financial reporting entity and is included in the Department's financial statements as a Pension Trust Fund. The MTA Plan prepares separate audited Financial Statements, which can be obtained from the MTA Plan, William Donald Schaefer Tower, 8 Saint Paul Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202. The Plan is administered and funded in compliance with the collective bargaining agreements, which established the Plan.

The Plan and the reports can be found on the MDOT website at the following link: http://www.mdot.maryland.gov/Office_of_Finance/index.html

16. Risk Management and Insurance:

Workers' Compensation:

The Department is self-insured for workers' compensation liabilities. The Department's workers' compensation self-insured liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation,

changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. Liabilities for incurred workers' compensation losses to be settled by fixed or reasonably determined payments over a long period of time are reported at their present value using a 4% discount rate. The workers' compensation costs are based upon separately determined actuarial valuations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

The Department's workers' compensation self-insurance program is administered by the Injured Worker's Insurance Fund under a contract which requires that the Department pay premiums based upon loss experience plus a proportionate share of administrative costs. In the event of termination of the contract, the Department is obligated for any premium deficiency at the time of termination. The Department's accrued workers' compensation costs, as of June 30, 2014, were \$67,044,000.

The activity related to accrued workers' compensation costs is included in the table in note 10 (section titled Changes in long-term liabilities). Changes in the balances for the Department's workers' compensation liability during the past two fiscal years are as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)								
	F	iscal Year Ended	Fi	scal Year Ended				
	Ju	ne 30, 2014	Jur	ne 30, 2013				
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$	63,913	\$	61,879				
Incurred claims and changes in estimates		18,893		17,833				
Claim payments		(15,762)		(15,799)				
Total unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$	67,044	\$	63,913				

Insurance:

The operations of the MAA, MPA and MTA are covered by commercial liability insurance policies and many claims are handled by the Department's insurance carriers. The MAA's two facilities, Baltimore Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport and Martin State Airport, are covered by an airport owners and operators general liability insurance policy providing coverage per occurrence up to \$750,000,000 for bodily injury and property damage. This policy contains the war, hi-jacking and other perils endorsement for \$150,000,000 due to the events of September 11, 2001.

The MPA's liability insurance policies, including excess liability policies, provide insurance up to \$150,000,000 per occurrence for its port operations. These policies cover liability for both injury and property damage.

The MTA operations are covered by \$495,000,000 in excess liability insurance over and above the MTA's \$5,000,000 self-insurance retention. For CSX and Amtrak commuter service, the MTA has purchased insurance to cover its contractual obligations. The insurance provides coverage for excess liability claims of \$5,000,000 to \$495,000,000; claims under \$5,000,000 are self-insured by the Department. However, to comply with the provisions of the operating agreement with CSX, the MTA has entered into a \$5,000,000 standby letter of credit against which CSX may draw in the event claims exceed, in the aggregate for an occurrence, the amount of \$250,000. No claims were made against the letter of credit during the current fiscal year. In addition, the excess liability policies provide punitive damages liability coverage and Federal Employee Liability Act coverage to CSX arising from commuter rail operations for claims ranging from \$5,000,000 to \$495,000,000.

The amount of any settlements, within the Department, did not exceed the insurance coverage in each of the past three fiscal years. For those areas not covered by purchased insurance, the State Treasurer has a program of self-insurance for tort claims. By statute, bodily injury, personal injury or property damages are limited to claims of \$200,000 per claimant under the established self-insurance program.

17. Energy Performance Contract (EPC):

The Department of General Services (DGS) implemented an Energy Performance Contract program for the Department in fiscal year 2011, with a goal to reduce Maryland's energy consumption through energy efficiency projects. The Treasurer's Office secured the financing required to fund the construction of the improvements. The savings resulting from the projects are used to offset the costs of the services.

The SHA, MTA, MAA and the MPA participated in the EPC. MPA is the only remaining administration in construction and should be fully completed in fiscal year 2015. The assets related the project for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are included on the Department's Statement of Net Position in the amount of \$40,781,000 and due from EPC Assets for \$4,009,000. As of June 30, 2014, the total amount due in long-term liability for EPC obligations is \$54,154,000.

18. Construction Commitments:

The Department has active construction commitments outstanding as of June 30, 2014 of approximately \$4,056,537,000, principally for construction of highway, port, motor vehicle, aviation and transit projects. Approximately 34.2% of future expenditures, related to these commitments of the Department, are expected to be reimbursed from proceeds of approved Federal grants when the actual costs are incurred. The remaining balance will be funded by other financial resources of the Department, including the issuance of long-term debt.

As of June 30, 2014, the Department's commitments with contractors were as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands) Remaining **Construction projects** commitment **Spent-to-date** Highway construction 1,839,038 1,995,619 Port construction 467,865 233,778 Motor vehicle construction 174,505 136,431 Transit construction 1,403,868 1,196,125 Aviation construction 415,947 494,584 \$ 4,301,223 Total projects 4,056,537

19. Related Party Transactions:

Various State of Maryland agencies provide services for the Department for which they are reimbursed from the Department. During fiscal year 2014, such reimbursements are reflected as Distributions to other state agencies in the Special Revenue Fund.

20. Federal Revenue:

Federal revenue consists principally of grants from the Federal Transit Administration for rail and bus projects for the Baltimore region and from the Federal Highway Administration in connection with highway construction projects. In addition, the Department receives Federal grants to aid in planning, design and construction of transportation facilities and to support the mass transit operations. Entitlement to the resources is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations including the expenditure of the resources for

eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. Any disallowances as a result of these audits become a liability of the Department. As of June 30, 2014, the Department estimates that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

21. Passenger Facility Charges (PFC):

The Aviation Safety and Capacity Expansion Act of 1990 (the "1990 Safety Act"), enacted by the United States Congress ("Congress"), allows a public agency to impose an airport Passenger Facility Charge for enplaned passengers. The proceeds of such PFCs are to be used to finance eligible airport-related construction projects, as approved by the Federal Aviation Administration (the "FAA"). The MAA received FAA approval in July 1992 to collect PFCs for four projects. The MAA amended its PFC program in April 1994 to increase the total to six projects.

The Aviation Investment and Reform Act for the 21st Century, enacted by Congress in April of 2000, together with the 1990 Safety Act, increased the maximum per passenger PFC allowed to be charged by qualifying airports from \$3.00 to \$4.50. In June 2002, the MAA received FAA approval to increase its collection level to \$4.50 to support PFC approved projects in MAA's capital program. The FAA further allows the MAA to impose and use PFCs for the payment of debt service for bonds used to fund PFC approved projects (see note 12 Operating and Capital Leases). PFC collections not needed for debt service are used for PFC approved paygo projects. The FAA approved additional applications for PFC eligible projects in June 2006, July 2007, February 2008, September 2010, March 2012 and September 2012. In October 2014 an additional PFC application was approved for additional project financing (see note 24 Subsequent Events for additional details).

22. Rent Revenue:

The Department leases terminal space at various marine terminals (including the Seagirt Marine Terminal), airport facilities and office space in the World Trade Center building, Baltimore, Maryland, pursuant to various operating leases. The Department's total minimum future rental revenues totaled \$797,608,000 as of June 30, 2014 and do not include contingent rentals that may be received under certain concession leases on the basis of a percentage of the concessionaire's gross revenue in excess of stipulated minimums. Rental revenues collected included in operations were approximately \$147,356,000 for the year ended June 30, 2014. Assets of the Department under lessor operating lease agreements, totaling \$1,239,865,000 are included in the Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation in the amount of \$653,361,000 on the Statement of Net Position.

Minimum future rental revenues for the Department are as follows:

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Year Ending	Operating Leases Minimum Future					
June 30,	Rental Revenues					
2015	\$ 128,373					
2016	121,107					
2017	118,587					
2018	115,851					
2019	115,366					
2020-2024	194,888					
2025-2029	3,437					
Total	\$ 797,608					

23. Net Position/Fund Balance:

The unrestricted deficit for the governmental activities on the government-wide statement of net position is \$363,200,000.

Nonspendable fund balance is reported for a portion of the Special Revenue Fund balance in the amount of \$84,980,000 that is for inventories of supplies, while the amount of \$107,891,000 is recorded for prepaid items as of June 30, 2014.

Restricted fund balance is reported for the Debt Service fund in the amount of \$12,331,000 which relates to the premium for the retirement of transportation bonds.

The commitment of fund balance requires formal action by a government's highest level of decision-making authority. The assignment of fund balance is based on an authorization policy established by the governing body pursuant to which that authorization is given. Committed fund balance is reported for the Department's encumbrance balance in the amount of \$26,989,000, as of June 30, 2014.

Assigned fund balance is reported in the amount of \$576,000 as of June 30, 2014 and represents non-budgeted agency activities. The amount that represents the balance in the Department's Transportation Trust Fund for future transportation programs is \$134,703,000 as of June 30, 2014.

23. Contingent Liabilities:

The Department is involved in numerous lawsuits arising in the normal course of its operations, including actions commenced and claims asserted against the Department for alleged property damage, personal injury, breaches of contract or other alleged violations of law. Additionally, the Department is currently involved in certain legal proceedings relative to a case concerning unreasonable discrimination and mass transit accident cases concerning train passenger injuries or death. In the opinion of Department officials, based on the advice of the Attorney General, such matters are covered by insurance or otherwise would not have a materially adverse effect on the Department's financial position as of June 30, 2014. Also, the Department believes no material exposure from unasserted claims exists as of June 30, 2014.

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Maryland Department of Transportation Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress

Maryland Transit Administration OPEB Plan

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Actuarial A		Actuarial	Unfunded			Unfunded Actuarial	
Valuation	Actuarial	Accrued	Actuarial	Funded		Accrued Liability as	
Date	Value of	Liability-	Accrued	Ratio	Covered	Percentage of	
June 30,	Assets	Entry Age	Liability	(percent)	Payroll	Covered Payroll	
2009	\$ -	\$ 431,500	\$431,500	- %	\$151,560	284.71 %	
2011	-	527,679	527,679	-	147,474	357.81	
2013	-	670,833	670,833	-	137,596	487.54	

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Employer Contributions Maryland Transit Administration OPEB Plan

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Annual	Annual	Percentage of Required		
Year Ended	Re quire d	Contribution			
June 30,	Contribution	Paid	Contributions		
2009	\$ 43,900	\$ 10,100	23.0 %		
2010	45,500	10,900	24.0		
2011	51,268	14,230	27.8		
2012	55,852	15,103	27.0		
2013	70,512	14,147	20.1		
2014	64,444	18,383	28.5		

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MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Required Supplementary Information

Special Revenue Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	(amounts expressed in thousands) Special Fund						Federal Fund				
			Бреси	ii i iiiu	Variance wit		-	euciai i aid	Variance with		
		D 1 4 14			Final Budget		1.4		Final Budget -		
	Budgeted Amounts				Positive		d Amounts		Positive		
DEVENIUM	Ong	ginal	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES:											
Taxes:	Φ 1	445.00 3	1 450 200	ф. 1.460. 22 1	Φ 0.046		Φ.	Φ.	Φ.		
Motor vehicle taxes and fees		445,892 \$	1,458,288				\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Motor vehicle fuel taxes and fees		745,400	849,350	812,915	(36,435	,	-	-	-		
Revenue sharing of state corporate income tax		180,452	153,123	162,609	9,486		-	-	-		
Revenue sharing of state sales tax		24,461	31,828	48,653	16,825		-	-	-		
Federal reimbursements						1,010,532	866,205	890,586	24,381		
Charges for services		409,418	406,341	452,406	46,065		-	-	-		
Investment earnings		2,000	1,000	2,154	1,154		-	-	-		
Other		22,200	21,000	29,142	8,142		-	-	-		
Total revenues	2,	829,823	2,920,930	2,976,110	55,180	1,010,532	866,205	890,586	24,381		
EXPENDITURES and ENCUMBRANCES:											
Current:											
General government:											
The Secretary's Office		799,674	791,913	729,460	62,453	33,089	18,389	12,949	5,440		
State Highway Administration		827,591	1,009,987	890,253	119,734	554,668	513,898	621,279	(107,381)		
Maryland Port Administration		160,738	142,957	122,056	20,902		520	288	232		
Motor Vehicle Administration		193,922	204,233	195,470	8,764		3 20,027	9,420	10,607		
Maryland Transit Administration		836,140	1,021,738	907,162	114,576			226,628	61,051		
Maryland Aviation Administration		232,951	273,986	270,922	3,064		25,692	20,022	5,670		
Total general government		051,016	3,444,815	3,115,322	329,492	_	866,205	890,586	(24,381)		
Debt service:	-				•	_		•	•		
Principal		130,620	109,340	130,620	(21,280)) -		_	-		
Interest		81,604	82,575	69,835	12,740	,) -		_	-		
Total debt service		212,224	191,915	200,455	(8,540		_	-	-		
Total expenditures and encumbrances		263,240	3,636,730	3,315,777	320,952	_	866,205	890,586	(24,381)		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		433,417)	(715,800)			_		_			
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES):				. , ,	*						
Proceeds from Bonds		395,000	455,000	325,000	130,000) -		_	-		
Transfers in (out)		188,930	163,896	151,855	(12,04)			-	-		
Total other financing sources and uses		583,930	618,896	476,855	117,959	_	_	-	-		
Net change in fund balances		150,513	(96,903)		494,09						
Fund balances, July 1, 2013		234,580	234,580	234,580	.,.,						
Fund balances, June 30, 2014		385,093	\$137,677	\$371,768	\$494,09	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

1. <u>Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability</u>:

Budgeting and budgetary control:

The Maryland Constitution requires the Governor to submit to the General Assembly an annual balanced budget for the following fiscal year. This budget is prepared and adopted for the Special Revenue Fund, which includes the transportation activities of the Department, shared taxes and payments of debt service on transportation bonds. The budgetary Federal fund revenue and expenditures are included in the GAAP Special Revenue Fund as federal revenues and expenditures by function. An annual budget is also prepared for the Federal funds, which accounts for all Departmental grants from the Federal government.

Each year the Department prepares its annual budget and submits it to the Governor. The Governor then presents the State's annual budget (including the Department's) to the General Assembly in accordance with Constitutional requirements. The General Assembly is required to then enact a balanced budget for the next fiscal year.

The GAAP Special Revenue Fund includes both budgetary special and federal funds.

Special fund:

The Special fund includes all transportation activities of the Department and shared taxes with the political subdivisions.

Federal fund:

The Federal fund accounts for substantially all grants from the Federal government.

Budgetary fund equities and other accounts:

The Department's legal level of budgetary control is exercised at the agency appropriation (program) and fund level (legislative spending authority level). Encumbrances and expenditures cannot exceed appropriated amounts. Appropriation transfers between or within departments and any supplemental appropriations require both executive and legislative branch approvals. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and become available for appropriation in the subsequent year. Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent fiscal year.

All Departmental budgetary expenditures for special and federal funds are made pursuant to appropriations in the annual budget, as amended from time to time. The Department may, with the Governor's approval, amend the appropriations by modal administration within the budgetary special and federal funds. Additionally, appropriations for programs funded in whole or in part from special or federal funds may permit expenditures in excess of the original special or federal fund appropriation to the extent that actual revenues exceed original budget estimates and such additional expenditures are approved by the Governor. Unexpended appropriations from special and federal funds may be carried over to the following year to the extent of (a) available resources and (b) encumbrances which are approved by the Department of Budget and Management. The Department did not receive any general fund appropriations in fiscal year 2014.

The Department's original and amended budget adopted by the General Assembly for special and federal funds is presented in the Required Supplementary Information - Special Revenue Funds - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- Budget and Actual -- For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 on page 67 of this report. The Department's budgetary fund structure and basis of budgeting, which is the modified accrual basis with certain exceptions, differs from that utilized to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The budgetary system's principal departures from the modified accrual basis are the classification of the Department's budgetary funds and the timing of recognition of certain revenues and expenditures. The GAAP special revenue fund is an aggregate of the special and federal budgetary funds.

A summary of the effects of the fund structure differences and exceptions to the modified accrual basis of accounting, as of June 30, 2014, is provided in the Reconciliation of the Budgetary Special Fund, Fund Balance to the GAAP Special Revenue Fund, and Fund Balance in the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information section (see below).

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Reconciliation of the Budgetary Special Fund, Fund Balance to the GAAP Special Revenue Fund, Fund Balance June 30, 2014

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Classification of budgetary fund equities and other accounts	9	Special
into governmental funds' fund structure:	Reve	nue Fund
Special fund-fund balance (page 67)	\$	371,768
Non-budgeted funds-fund balance		576
Total budgetary fund balance reclassified to GAAP fund structure		372,344
Accounting principle and timing differences:		
Assets recognized in governmental funds financial statements not		
recognized for budgetary purposes:		
Taxes receivable		3,149
Due from other state agencies		26,607
Inventories		84,980
Liabilities recognized in governmental funds financial statements not		
recognized for budgetary purposes:		
Unavailable Revenues		(119,610)
Financial statement governmental funds' fund balance, June 30, 2014	\$	367,470

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Maryland Department of Transportation Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	F	Balance]	Balance
	July	1, 2013	A	dditions	Deletions	Jun	e 30, 2014
ASSETS:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,823	\$	10,645	\$ 14,856	\$	31,612
Total assets	\$	35,823	\$	10,645	\$ 14,856	\$	31,612
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	35,823	\$	-	\$ 4,211	\$	31,612
Total liabilities	\$	35,823	\$	-	\$ 4,211	\$	31,612

Maryland Department of Transportation Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STATISTICAL SECTION JUNE 30, 2014

This part of the Maryland Department of Transportation's comprehensive annual financial report represents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, not disclosures and required supplementary information says about the Department's overall financial health.

Table of Contents	Pages
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Department's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	77-78
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Department's two most significant revenue sources, the motor vehicle tax and motor vehicle fuel tax.	79-82
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Department's current levels of outstanding debt and Department's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	83-85
Miscellaneous Statistics	86

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal	Yea	r Ended June	30,)					
	2005	2006	2007		2008		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities:												
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 11,888,421	\$ 12,552,326	\$ 13,047,662	\$	13,391,594	\$	13,349,027	\$ 13,171,279 \$	13,068,635	\$ 13,360,456	\$ 13,819,782	\$ 14,063,378
Restricted	4,737	4,939	4,898		2,768		9,694	3,783	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	 230,502	278,586	188,470		2,833		(62,463)	(201,647)	(205,960)	(278,008)	(324,664)	(363,200)
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 12,123,660	\$ 12,835,851	\$ 13,241,030	\$	13,397,195	\$	13,296,258	\$ 12,973,415 \$	12,862,675	\$ 13,082,448	\$ 13,495,118	\$ 13,700,178
Primary government:												
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 11,888,421	\$ 12,552,326	\$ 13,047,662	\$	13,391,594	\$	13,349,027	\$ 13,171,279 \$	13,068,635	\$ 13,360,456	\$ 13,819,782	\$ 14,063,378
Restricted	4,737	4,939	4,898		2,768		9,694	3,783	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	230,502	278,586	188,470		2,833		(62,463)	(201,647)	(205,960)	(278,008)	(324,664)	(363,200)
Total primary government net position	\$ 12,123,660	\$ 12,835,851	\$ 13,241,030	\$	13,397,195	\$	13,296,258	\$ 12,973,415 \$	12,862,675	\$ 13,082,448	\$ 13,495,118	\$ 13,700,178

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

				Fis	cal Y	ear Ended Ju	ne 3	0,						
Governmental activities:	2005		2006	2007	1	2008		2009	2010	2011		2012	2013	2014
Expenses:														
Secretary's office	\$ 498	866	347,219	\$ 376	,217	\$ 406,31	5 \$	419,588	\$ 459,933	\$ 483,410	\$	498,029	\$ 515,638	\$ 570,596
State highway administration	1,268	539	1,334,407	1,399	,649	1,422,06	3	1,437,996	1,410,556	1,593,278		1,359,177	1,186,116	1,436,114
Port administration	142.	502	159,358	187	,187	152,10	7	189,603	186,516	107,521		115,211	87,445	99,996
Motor vehicle administration	129	129	143,531	155	,700	161,79	6	176,300	165,933	178,529		182,839	195,803	207,342
Transit administration	576	835	528,918	617	,442	683,82	1	782,548	818,465	1,056,590		864,702	888,137	886,966
Aviation administration	200	521	239,601	287	,604	284,48	8	274,906	272,455	252,723		275,051	308,202	354,180
Interest on long-term debt	79.	409	68,998	72	,137	74,44	1	97,683	101,481	92,996		144,725	110,984	122,894
Total governmental activities expenses	2,895	801	2,822,032	3,095	,936	3,185,03	1	3,378,624	3,415,339	3,765,047		3,439,734	3,292,325	3,678,088
Program Revenues:														
Charges for services:														
Secretary's office	45.	596	7,496	23	,467	(27,91	4)	2,291	9,447	27,503		5,336	5,630	3,262
State highway administration	69.	663	28,927	35	,035	48,49	1	51,983	40,399	44,071		38,495	59,284	40,586
Port administration	96	631	91,836	94	,544	96,98	1	93,618	69,781	48,667		52,846	50,298	54,099
Motor vehicle administration		371	(917)		(133)	(23	6) -		-	-		4	4	4
Transit administration	106	789	110,136	122	,913	117,86	9	117,556	125,057	143,456		146,093	138,339	139,769
Aviation administration	185	335	215,091	236	,401	244,57	9	241,083	282,646	291,535		297,935	418,588	328,094
Operating grants and contributions	79.	892	70,827	72	,597	79,22	8	93,729	90,762	90,732		92,739	72,397	90,574
Capital grants and contributions	743	294	789,619	710	,163	667,21	9	668,442	714,144	709,029		830,922	779,557	800,019
Total governmental activities program revenues	1,327	571	1,313,015	1,294	,987	1,226,21	7	1,268,702	1,332,236	1,354,993		1,464,370	1,524,097	1,456,407
Net (expense) revenue governmental activities	(1,568	230)	(1,509,017)	(1,800	,949)	(1,958,81	4)	(2,109,922)	(2,083,103)	(2,410,054)	((1,975,364)	(1,768,228)	(2,221,681)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets:														
Taxes:														
Motor vehicle taxes	1,279	052	1,237,199	1,241	,538	1,178,60	9	1,058,759	1,082,559	1,166,398		1,259,743	1,332,143	1,389,066
Motor fuel taxes	752	810	746,240	740	,791	741,85	1	728,385	714,210	747,171		728,410	740,428	807,739
Corporation income tax share	209	458	202,755	185	,557	167,10	2	150,554	153,275	156,758		180,653	76,746	162,609
State sales tax share	24	323	26,527	27	,689	23,65	9	223,084	223,582	227,981		23,581	25,462	48,653
Unrestricted investment earnings	5,	181	8,487	10	,553	3,75	8	4,029	404	1,006		2,750	764	2,156
Other revenue		-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	7,235	16,518
Loss on disposal of capital assets		-	-		-	-		-	(413,770)	-		-	-	-
Transfers out		-	_		-	-		-	-	-		-	-	
Total governmental activities general revenues:	2,270	824	2,221,208	2,206	,128	2,114,97	9	2,164,811	1,760,260	2,299,314		2,195,137	2,182,778	2,426,741
Change in Net Position:														
Governmental activities	702.	594	712,191	405	,179	156,16	5	54,889	(322,843)	(110,740)		219,773	414,550	205,060
Total primary government	\$ 702	594 \$	712,191	\$ 405	,179	\$ 156,16	5 \$	54,889	\$ (322,843)	\$ (110,740)	\$	219,773	\$ 414,550	\$ 205,060

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal				·	<u> </u>
Year	Motor	Motor	Corporation	State	
Ended	Vehicle	Fuel	Income	Sales	
June 30,	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax (1)	Total
2005	\$ 1,279,052	\$ 752,810	\$ 209,458	\$ 24,323	\$ 2,265,643
2006	1,237,199	746,240	202,755	26,527	2,212,721
2007	1,241,538	740,791	185,557	27,689	2,195,575
2008	1,178,609	741,851	167,102	23,659	2,111,221
2009	1,058,759	728,385	150,554	223,084	2,160,782
2010	1,082,559	714,210	153,275	223,582	2,173,626
2011	1,166,398	747,171	156,758	227,981	2,298,308
2012	1,259,743	728,410	180,653	23,581	2,192,387
2013	1,332,143	740,428	76,746	25,462	2,174,779
2014	1,389,066	807,739	162,609	48,653	2,408,067

Source: Maryland Department of Transportation Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal years 2005-2014.

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Maryland's Ten Largest Employers Calendar Years

(Employer Listed Alphabetically)

2014-2013	2012-2011
Giant Food Stores	Giant Food Stores
Helix Health System Inc	Helix Health System Inc
Johns Hopkins Hospital	Johns Hopkins Hospital
Johns Hopkins Univeristy	Johns Hopkins Univeristy
Safeway	Safeway
Target	Target
Home Depot	Home Depot
Northrop Grumman Corporation	Northrop Grumman Corporation
University of Maryland Medical System	University of Maryland Medical System
Walmart Associates	Walmart/Sam's Club

Source: Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation: Office of Labor Market

Analysis and Information - Major Employer List - March 2013 http://www.dllr.state.md.us/lmi/emplists/maryland.shtml

⁽¹⁾ Effective July 1, 2008 thru June 30, 2011 the Department received additional Sales Tax Revenue due to the increase of 1 percent on the State Sales Tax.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Fiscal Y	/ea	r Ended J	une	30,					
	2005	2006	2007		2008		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Special revenue fund												
Nonspendable	\$ 126,470	\$ 126,182	\$ 136,723	\$	152,788	\$	158,650	\$ 171,094	\$ 182,156	\$ 181,093	\$ 183,355	\$ 192,871
Committed	38,021	37,025	25,170		23,931		861	-	12,442	8,182	11,499	26,989
Assigned	179,095	219,980	165,144		(26,468)		169,307	164,628	137,050	37,905	108,879	135,279
Total special revenue fund	\$ 343,586	\$ 383,187	\$ 327,037	\$	150,251	\$	328,818	\$ 335,722	\$ 331,648	\$ 227,180	\$ 303,733	\$ 355,139
All other governmental funds												
Restricted	\$ 1,756	\$ 4,696	\$ 2,381	\$	-	\$	7,033	\$ 1,126	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,056	\$ 12,331
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 1,756	\$ 4,696	\$ 2,381	\$	=	\$	7,033	\$ 1,126	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,056	\$ 12,331

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

			scal Year End	ed.Tune 30.	, tets)					
-	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues:										
Motor vehicle taxes and fees	\$ 2,031,862	\$ 1,983,439	\$ 1,982,329	\$ 1,920,460	\$ 1,787,144	\$ 1,796,769	\$ 1,913,569	\$ 1,988,153	\$ 2,072,571	\$ 2,196,805
Revenue sharing of state taxes	233,781	229,282	213,246	190,761	373,638	376,857	384,739	204,234	102,208	211,262
Federal reimbursements	823,186	860,446	782,760	746,447	762,171	804,906	799,761	850,631	868,121	902,719
Charges for services	416,878	372,626	407,386	376,563	399,271	419,691	431,261	439,785	579,850	452,406
Passenger facility charges and interest	41,770	37,017	42,171	45,609	40,824	44,054	45,066	46,648	48,534	43,919
Customer facility charges (2)	29,105	33,576	28,392	31,932	23,176	45,467	48,970	13,446	12,902	12,613
Special parking revenues (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,603	28,630	54,649
Investment earnings	5,181	8,487	10,553	3,758	4,029	404	1,006	2,750	764	2,156
Other	16,632	9,354	34,278	25,666	13,260	18,118	34,734	3,481	6,103	14,255
Total revenues	3,598,395	3,534,227	3,501,115	3,341,196	3,403,513	3,506,266	3,659,106	3,587,731	3,719,684	3,890,784
Expenditures:										
Department administration, operating and										
maintenance expenditures	1,218,027	1,175,711	1,254,313	1,305,618	1,358,247	1,447,811	1,239,600	1,422,847	1,408,232	1,841,195
Highway user revenues and federal funds	514,175	583,090	615,458	582,335	515,722	255,164	297,145	263,981	252,574	244,448
WMATA Grants	210,392	237,948	236,158	273,001	285,309	296,522	340,852	386,648	396,094	404,995
Distributions to other state agencies (1)	232,980	78,554	75,607	87,100	59,980	401,930	481,244	343,946	127,957	23,000
Debt service	170,546	142,060	119,316	121,390	142,359	150,954	158,662	174,215	180,308	208,236
Capital outlays	1,409,119	1,432,833	1,369,805	1,400,238	1,261,036	1,232,890	1,182,164	1,231,241	1,491,360	1,471,040
Total expenditures	3,755,239	3,650,196	3,670,657	3,769,682	3,622,653	3,785,271	3,699,667	3,822,878	3,856,525	4,192,914
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,020,220	2,070,000	2,102,002	-,,	2,7.02,2.7	-,,	2,022,070	2,020,00	.,-,-,,
over expenditures	(156,844)	(115,969)	(169,542)	(428,486)	(219,140)	(279,005)	(40,561)	(235,147)	(136,841)	(302,130)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Capital leases	116,116	49,399	6,285	_	2,098	_	1,021	_	29,127	2,519
Other long-term liability	12,321	5,320	2,411	102	2,070	_	-	_	25,127	2,317
Other capital financing sources	-	-	2,111	-	_	_	34,340	_	_	_
Proceeds from bonds	_	103,814	102,381	249,217	402,642	140,002	-	323,967	189,323	325,000
Sale of future revenue rights	_	-			-	140,000	_	-	-	-
Payment to escrow agents	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	(193,288)	_	33,292
Transfers to the General Fund (1)	_	(23)	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Net other sources (uses) of financial resources	128,437	158,510	111,077	249,319	404,740	280,002	35,361	130,679	218,450	360,811
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures and net other										
sources (uses) of financial resources	(28,407)	42,541	(58,465)	(179,167)	185,600	997	(5,200)	(104,468)	81,609	58,681
Fund balance, July 1 (3)	373,749	345,342	387,883	329,418	150,251	335,851	336,848	331,648	227,180	308,789
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 345,342		\$ 329,418	\$ 150,251	\$ 335,851	\$ 336,848	\$ 331,648			\$ 367,470

⁽¹⁾ Transfers to the general fund and Maryland Transportation Authority have been reclassified to expenditures in fiscal years 2002, 2004 and 2005.

⁽²⁾ Customer facility charges and special parking revenues split starting in fiscal years 2012.

Transportation Trust Fund

Gasoline and Motor Vehicle Revenue Account Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)
(unaudited)

			Fise	cal '	Year Ended Ju	une	30,						
	2005	2006	2007		2008		2009	2010	2011		2012	2013	2014
Revenues:													
Motor vehicle fuel tax and fees (7)	\$ 752,882	\$ 757,959	\$ 755,733	\$	755,176	\$	736,105	\$ 721,295 \$	752,319	\$	733,563	\$ 745,556	\$ 812,915
Motor vehicle titling tax (3)	717,699	719,207	703,815		649,657		514,155	543,411	594,938		632,356	684,655	740,835
Licensing and registration	351,333	360,981	372,498		354,967		354,982	350,098	360,514		357,247	362,324	367,305
Corporation income tax (6)	209,061	202,755	185,557		167,102		151,304	154,025	157,993		180,653	76,746	162,609
Sales and use tax on rental vehicles	24,323	26,527	27,689		23,659		21,498	22,201	24,362		23,581	25,462	30,311
Total revenues	 2,055,298	2,067,429	2,045,292		1,950,561		1,778,044	1,791,030	1,890,126		1,927,400	1,894,743	2,113,975
Deductions:													
1% portion Motor vehicle titling tax (3)	(143,540)	(143,841)	(140,763)		(129,931)		(171,385)	(181,137)	(198,313))	(210,786)	(228,218)	(246,945)
Other to the Trust Fund (7)	(6,554)	(7,348)	(8,214)		(7,526)		(6,178)	(6,615)	(6,859))	(6,797)	(9,040)	(121,401)
Other	(43,487)	(45,907)	(46,688)		(47,337)		(44,407)	(45,744)	(45,585))	(57,413)	(51,500)	(52,617)
Total deductions	(193,581)	(197,096)	(195,665)		(184,794)		(221,970)	(233,496)	(250,757))	(274,996)	(288,758)	(420,963)
Net Highway User Revenue	\$ 1,861,717	\$ 1,870,333	\$ 1,849,627	\$	1,765,767	\$	1,556,074	\$ 1,557,534 \$	1,639,369	\$	1,652,404	\$ 1,605,985	\$ 1,693,012
Allocations (Highway User Revenue): (4)													
Share to the Department	\$ 1,303,202	\$ 1,309,233	\$ 1,294,739	\$	1,236,037	\$	1,089,252	\$ 1,090,274 \$	1,122,968	\$	1,278,618	\$ 1,445,386	\$ 1,530,483
Share to the General Fund (5)	-	-	-		-		-	-	-		40,000	-	-
Share to counties and municipalities	255,932	293,184	328,309		313,564		279,232	29,593	9,836		23,134	30,514	32,167
Share to Baltimore City	200,143	219,416	226,579		216,166		187,590	133,948	129,510		123,930	130,085	130,362
Local Share to the General Fund (1) (2)	 102,440	48,500	-		-		-	303,719	377,055		186,722	-	-
Total allocations	\$ 1,861,717	\$ 1,870,333	\$ 1,017,027	\$	1,765,767	\$	1,556,074	\$ 1,557,534 \$	1,639,369	\$	1,652,404	\$ 1,605,985	\$ 1,693,012

Source: Maryland Department of Transportation, The Secretary's Office, Office of Finance.

- (1) The 2004 Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation (SB 508) providing for the transfer of \$102,440,128 from the Local Government's share of Highway User Revenues to the State General Fund in FY2005.
- (2) The 2005 Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation (HB 147) providing for the transfer of \$48,500,000 from the Local Government's share of Highway User Revenues to the State General Fund in FY2006.
- (3) The 2007 Special Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation to increase the State's Sales Tax and the Vehicle Excise Tax (Titling) from 5% to 6%, effective Jan. 1, 2008. In addition, the percentage of Titling Tax to GMVRA was changed from 80% to 66 and 2/3%, effective July 1, 2008.
- (4) The 2010 Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation (SB141) changing the allocation of Highway User Revenues. Effective July 1, 2009, the allocation is 70% to the Department, 19.5% to the General Fund, 8.6% to Baltimore City, 1.5% to the Counties, and .4% to the Municipalities. Effective July 1, 2010, the allocation is 68.5% to the Department, 23% to the General Fund, 7.9% to Baltimore City, .5% to the Counties, and .1% to the Municipalities. Pursuant to legislation enacted by the General Assembly at its 2011 Session (HB72), effective July 1, 2011, the allocation is 79.8% to the Department, 11.3% to the General Fund, 7.5% to Baltimore City, .8% to Counties, and .6% to municipalities. Effective July 1, 2012 the allocation is 90% to the Department, 8.1% to Baltimore City, 1.5% to Counties, and .4% to municipalities. Effective July 1, 2013 the allocation is 90.4% to the Department, 7.7% to Baltimore City, 1.5% to Counties, and .4% to municipalities.
- (5) The 2011 Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation (HB 72) requiring the transfer from the Transportation Trust Fund of \$40,000,000 of the Department's share of Highway User Revenues to the Revenue Stabilization Account in fiscal year 2012.
- (6) The 2011 Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation (HB 72) that changed the allocation of corporate income tax revenue to the Department from 24% to 17.2%. However, effective July 1, 2012 the Department will receive 9.5%; from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2016 the Department will receive 19.5%.
- (7) The 2013 Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation (HB 1515) that increases the motor fuel tax rate based on growth of the Consumer Price Index and applies a sales and use tax equivalent to the price of motor fuel. Effective July 1, 2013, the motor fuel tax rate was increased by 3.1 cents per gallon for sales and use tax equivalent and 0.4 cents per gallon for CPI. Revenue from these sources is not part of the GMVRA but is retained 100% by the Department.

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Legal Debt Margin Information

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

			Fiscal	Year Ended	June 30,					
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Debt limit	\$1,472,000	\$1,333,475	\$1,248,750	\$1,497,060	\$1,620,850	\$1,830,010	\$ 1,791,840	\$1,888,995	\$1,913,290	\$ 2,292,670
Net debt applicable to limit	1,069,945	1,078,475	1,108,692	1,266,434	1,574,902	1,643,884	1,561,840	1,562,630	1,618,290	1,812,670
Total legal debt margin	\$ 402,055	\$ 255,000	\$ 140,058	\$ 230,626	\$ 45,948	\$ 186,126	\$ 230,000	\$ 326,365	\$ 295,000	\$ 480,000
Net debt applicable to the limit										
as a percentage of debt limit	72.69%	80.88%	88.78%	84.59%	97.17%	89.83%	87.16%	82.72%	84.58%	79.06%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2014

Debt limit (1)	\$ 2,292,670
Debt applicable to limit:	
Special revenue bonds	1,812,670
Total net debt applicable to limit	1,812,670
Legal debt margin	\$ 480,000

Source: Maryland Department of Transportation Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal years 2005-2014.

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⁽¹⁾ The Maryland Department of Transportation's legal debt limit is established by the Maryland General Assembly on a annual basis.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures For Consolidated Transportation Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal			Total		Total	Ratio of Debt
Year			Total	ľ	Noncapital	Service to Noncapital
Ended			Debt		vernmental	Expenditures
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Service	Ex	penditures	(percent)
2005	\$ 116,470	\$ 54,076	\$ 170,546	\$	2,346,120	7.27 %
2006	92,280	49,780	142,060		2,217,363	6.41
2007	68,290	51,026	119,316		2,300,852	5.19
2008	68,990	52,400	121,390		2,369,444	5.12
2009	71,325	71,031	142,356		2,361,617	6.03
2010	77,595	73,359	150,954		2,552,381	5.91
2011	83,170	75,492	158,662		2,517,503	6.30
2012	102,845	71,370	174,215		2,489,880	7.00
2013	109,340	70,968	180,308		2,365,165	7.62
2014	130,620	76,614	207,234		2,721,874	7.61

Source: Maryland Department of Transportation Annual Financial Report for fiscal years 2005-2014.

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Governmenta Special		mental Act	iviti	es	Total				
Year					Other	Governmental		Total	Percentage	
Ended		Revenue		Capital		Long-term	Activities		Personal	of Personal
June 30 ,		Bonds		Leases		Liability (2)	Debt		Income (1)	Income
2005	\$	1,071,620	\$	309,496	\$	409,585	1,790,701	\$	232,067,080	0.77 %
2006		1,079,340		348,470		404,318	1,832,128		245,063,048	0.75
2007		1,111,050		343,379		391,029	1,845,458		261,066,893	0.71
2008		1,268,815		331,703		373,319	1,973,837		272,901,349	0.72
2009		1,582,605		673,836		-	2,256,441		283,052,530	0.80
2010		1,645,010		641,252		-	2,286,262		282,152,796	0.81
2011		1,561,840		604,662		-	2,166,502		289,653,105	0.75
2012		1,562,630		562,656		-	2,125,286		306,001,368	0.69
2013		1,618,290		591,783		-	2,210,073		316,681,620	0.70
2014		1,812,670		594,302		-	2,406,972		321,688,894	0.75

- (1) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Data for all years based on revised statistics of state personal income released on September 30, 2013. All estimates of state personal income are subject to BEA's flexible annual revision schedule.
- (2) Other long-term liability items were reclassified as capital leases in fiscal year 2009.

Transportation Trust Fund

Taxes Pledged to Bonds and Net Revenues as Defined for Purposes of the Bond Coverage Test Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Profession		Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
Test speklaged to bonds: (s) Corporation income tange (MRANA) (s) 146,30 st 151,303 st 510,305 st 150,305 st		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Propress	Revenues:											
Find Lax (γ) 510,572 510,372 510,372 510,372 510,372 634,373 433,739 411,42 434,729 410,00 554,31 63,145 63,243 23,242 21,242 434,729 430,00 574,30 63,243 63,243 23,248 23,248 21,242 21,242 21,242 21,242 21,242 21,242 21,242 21,242 21,242 21,243 21,242 21,243 21,242 21,243 21,242 21,243 21,242 21,243 21,242 21,243 21,242 21,243	Taxes pledged to bonds: (6)											
Hülingtax (2) 54,541 54,659 53,489 49,379 41,324 43,729 41,024 21,024 17,070 23,245 27,085 22,107 23,000 27,000 23,000 27,000 23,000 27,000 23,000 27,000 27,000 27,000 27,000 27,000 27,000 27,000 27,000 28,000 <th< td=""><td>Corporation income tax (GMVRA) (5)</td><td>\$ 146,343</td><td>\$ 141,929</td><td>\$ 129,890</td><td>\$ 116,971</td><td>\$ 105,388</td><td>\$ 107,293</td><td>\$ 107,379</td><td>\$ 143,370</td><td>\$ 68,503</td><td>\$ 146,113</td></th<>	Corporation income tax (GMVRA) (5)	\$ 146,343	\$ 141,929	\$ 129,890	\$ 116,971	\$ 105,388	\$ 107,293	\$ 107,379	\$ 143,370	\$ 68,503	\$ 146,113	
Siles and uses (a) 18,48 20,101 2,104 1,704 <td>Fuel tax (7)</td> <td>510,572</td> <td>513,033</td> <td>510,735</td> <td>510,630</td> <td>500,114</td> <td>489,004</td> <td>500,801</td> <td>567,431</td> <td>651,196</td> <td>723,249</td>	Fuel tax (7)	510,572	513,033	510,735	510,630	500,114	489,004	500,801	567,431	651,196	723,249	
Total taxes pideded to bonds 1,220,851 1,221,720 1,965,688 1,39,321 1,234,750 1,240,280 1,300,203 1,277,699 1,821,355 1,590,767 Fees: Motor vehicle kicenses and registrations (6) 230,765 236,661 244,472 231,379 231,773 227,758 229,748 256,350 298,071 305,252 General find share of fees (4) 150,760 163,388 1,607,182 1,543,003 1,653,484 1,659,689 1,73,530 1,755,009 2,177,281 Waryand Promisiration 1,602,67 91,027 94,949 96,880 93,635 69,222 49,156 57,302 94,003 139,821 Maryand Transk Administration 106,941 110,136 123,122 117,869 17,557 125,657 133,494 136,104 139,821 109,921 190,921 191,829 181,829 181,835 1,93,938 20,879 20,850 219,757 217,279 101,922 101,922 19,787 23,823 30,942 236,823 30,948 23,823 30,948	Titling tax (2)	545,451	546,597	534,899	493,739	411,324	434,729	470,001	547,198	639,011	693,422	
Fers: Motor whick kiceness and registrations (6) 230,756 234,671 244,472 231,379 231,773 227,954 229,748 256,350 298,071 305,252 Corber Order 150,069 163,958 164,182 172,703 186,961 187,455 209,09 259,211 274,823 280,980 Corbal taxes and fees (4) 102,367 161,338 16,071.82 15,343 16,554.84 16,596.98 17,3680 17,3680 175,303 195,502 21,712.81 Corbat Laxes and fees (4) 94,697 91,027 94,499 96,880 95,355 69,228 49,156 138,001	Sales and use tax (3)	18,485	20,161	21,044	17,981	217,924	213,254	221,842	19,770	23,425	27,983	
Motor vehicle licenses and registrations (α) 230,750 236,661 244,472 231,379 231,773 227,945 297,482 298,079 274,823 230,809 Other 150,60 154,957 161,612 172,703 186,961 187,455 209,009 259,211 274,823 208,009 Total taxes and fees 160,2367 1613,388 1607,182 1543,403 1653,484 1659,689 173,680 175,303 195,029 21,772,281 Waryland Port Administration 94,697 91,027 94,499 96,880 93,635 69,222 49,156 57,302 49,030 52,841 Maryland Aviation Administration 126,635 395,799 151,620 180,254 117,557 125,057 133,494 136,104 138,400 138,400 138,404 138,400 138,400 138,404 136,009 60,488 40,015 30,808 29,177 217,290 101,701 75,702 28,273 30,742 280,243 18,152 125,509 28,175 29,775 21,772	Total taxes pledged to bonds	1,220,851	1,221,720	1,196,568	1,139,321	1,234,750	1,244,280	1,300,023	1,277,769	1,382,135	1,590,767	
Other General fund share of fees (4) General fund share of fees (4) [1,00] 150,70 [1,00] 160,137 [2,0] 160,137 [2,0] 160,137 [2,0] 160,138	Fees:											
General Indicates and fees 10 <t< td=""><td>Motor vehicle licenses and registrations (6)</td><td>230,756</td><td>236,661</td><td>244,472</td><td>231,379</td><td>231,773</td><td>227,954</td><td>229,748</td><td>256,350</td><td>298,071</td><td>305,525</td></t<>	Motor vehicle licenses and registrations (6)	230,756	236,661	244,472	231,379	231,773	227,954	229,748	256,350	298,071	305,525	
Post	Other	150,760	154,957	166,142	172,703	186,961	187,455	209,909	259,211	274,823	280,989	
Operating revenues: Value of Port Administration 94,697 of 10,091 of 11,011 of 12,012 of 12,012 of 11,013 of 12,122 of 11,013 of 12,012 of 12,013 of	General fund share of fees (4)		-	-	-	-	-	-	(40,000)	-		
Maryland Port Administration 94,697 91,027 94,499 96,880 93,635 69,222 49,156 57,302 49,030 52,814 Maryland Transit Administration 126,635 139,579 111,626 117,557 125,657 133,494 138,400 139,221 Maryland Aviation Administration 212,635 139,579 151,620 182,635 182,507 20,122 388,21 39,272 388,587 390,574 402,055 407,187 409,952 One (I) 7500 82,11 10,574 30,83 36,80 36,90 30,40 10,45 30,80 29,19 Mark Intervence 429 82,11 10,574 36,83 36,96 36,90 10,40 21,815 23,978 25,878 25,878 25,878 25,878 25,878 25,878 25,878 25,878 25,878 25,878 26,834 26,834 26,849 26,834 26,849 26,834 26,849 26,834 26,849 26,834 26,849 26,834 26,849	Total taxes and fees	1,602,367	1,613,338	1,607,182	1,543,403	1,653,484	1,659,689	1,739,680	1,753,330	1,955,029	2,177,281	
Maryland Transit Administration Maryland Nation Administration Maryland Adviation Administration 106,941 110,136 123,129 117,869 117,859 125,509 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 123,059 238,259 230,050 40,050 40,050 40,050 29,139 Other (1) 75,90 87,40 39,280 1,80 1,30 1,00 1,00 2,75 2,75 2,15	Operating revenues:											
Maryland Avation Administration 126,635 139,799 151,620 180,254 181,580 194,308 207,897 208,500 217,279 400,050 400,105 400,952 <t< td=""><td>Maryland Port Administration</td><td>94,697</td><td>91,027</td><td>94,499</td><td>96,880</td><td>93,635</td><td>69,222</td><td>49,156</td><td>57,302</td><td>49,030</td><td>52,841</td></t<>	Maryland Port Administration	94,697	91,027	94,499	96,880	93,635	69,222	49,156	57,302	49,030	52,841	
Total operating revenues 328,273 340,742 369,241 395,003 392,772 388,587 390,547 402,056 407,187 409,952 Other (1) 75,902 87,640 39,836 4 3,666 3,600 60,488 40,15 30,808 29,139 Inchite wenues 24,124 2,049,31 2,026,83 1,940,93 2,045,80 2,049,00 2,118,10 2,393,72 2,383,82 2,383,82 2,383,82 2,383,82 2,31,24 2,31,34 2,31,24	Maryland Transit Administration	106,941	110,136	123,122	117,869	117,557	125,057	133,494	136,194	138,400	139,821	
Other (1) Investment income 75,902 4,928 8,211 10,574 13,683 3,986 3,996 3394 1,004 2,750 758 2,154 1,004 1,004 2,750 758 2,154 1,004	Maryland Aviation Administration	126,635	139,579	151,620	180,254	181,580	194,308	207,897	208,560	219,757	217,290	
Process	Total operating revenues	328,273	340,742	369,241	395,003	392,772	388,587	390,547	402,056	407,187	409,952	
Total revenues Expenditures: Administration, operation and maintenance exportitures: The Secretary's Office 67,904 64,528 66,439 69,693 67,649 71,811 70,650 71,382 72,256 76,142 Washington Metro Transit Grants-in-Aid 153,250 167,041 170,961 193,026 210,394 215,736 228,594 256,722 263,690 268,340 Maryland Port Administration 125,699 133,666 140,436 145,838 148,106 146,316 157,344 161,329 171,344 184,698 Maryland Port Administration 446,351 470,453 505,916 556,022 50,040 40,340 173,941 170,045 170												
Rependitures: Administration, operation and maintenance experiments The Secretary's Office 67,904 64,528 66,439 69,693 67,649 71,811 70,650 71,382 72,256 76,142 Washington Metro Transit Grants-in-Aid 153,250 167,041 170,961 193,026 210,394 215,736 228,594 256,722 263,690 268,349 State Highway Administration 219,703 204,764 236,245 240,192 240,742 296,445 253,615 226,926 251,994 326,560 Motor Vehick Administration 125,699 133,666 140,436 145,838 148,106 146,316 157,344 161,329 171,344 184,698 Maryland Port Administration 446,351 470,453 505,916 556,602 591,720 610,284 621,917 646,795 665,844 751,801 Maryland Aviation Administration 125,447 166,707 178,157 178,157 179,021 170,453 1547,339 157,181 1,331,349 1	Investment income	4,928		10,574	3,683	3,996			2,750			
The Secretary's Office 67,004 64,528 66,439 69,693 67,649 71,811 70,650 71,382 72,256 76,142 Washington Metro Transit Grants-in-Aid 153,250 167,041 170,961 193,026 210,394 215,736 228,594 256,722 263,690 268,340 State Highway Administration 219,703 204,764 236,245 240,192 240,742 296,445 253,615 226,926 251,994 326,560 Motor Vehicle Administration 99,092 95,423 98,718 104,887 97,01 68,237 44,454 41,612 42,157 45,504 Maryland Port Administration 446,351 470,453 505,916 556,602 591,720 610,284 621,917 646,795 665,844 751,801 Maryland Port Administration 125,447 166,707 178,157 178,072 170,453 173,749 170,655 167,415 171,122 189,740 Total admin, operation and maintenance expt. 1,237,446 1,30,283 (6,004) (7,901) </td <td></td> <td>2,011,470</td> <td>2,049,931</td> <td>2,026,833</td> <td>1,942,093</td> <td>2,046,586</td> <td>2,045,070</td> <td>2,191,689</td> <td>2,198,151</td> <td>2,393,782</td> <td>2,618,526</td>		2,011,470	2,049,931	2,026,833	1,942,093	2,046,586	2,045,070	2,191,689	2,198,151	2,393,782	2,618,526	
Washington Metro Transit Grants-in-Aid 153,250 167,041 170,961 193,026 210,394 215,736 228,594 256,722 263,690 268,340 State Highway Administration 219,703 204,764 236,245 240,192 240,742 296,445 253,615 226,926 251,994 326,560 Motor Vehicle Administration 125,699 133,666 140,436 145,838 148,106 146,316 157,344 161,329 171,344 184,698 Maryland Port Administration 99,02 95,423 98,718 104,887 99,01 68,237 44,454 41,612 42,157 45,504 Maryland Aristion Administration 446,351 470,453 505,916 565,602 591,720 610,284 621,917 666,795 665,844 751,801 Total admin, operation and maintenance expt. 1,237,446 1,302,582 1,396,872 1,488,310 1,526,955 1,547,339 1,571,181 171,122 189,740 Less Federal funds: 1,582,545 1,582,578 1,582,578 1,572,3	Administration, operation and maintenance exp	enditures:										
State Highway Administration 219,703 204,764 236,245 240,192 240,742 296,445 253,615 226,926 251,994 326,506 Motor Vehicle Administration 125,699 133,666 140,436 145,838 148,106 146,316 157,344 161,329 171,344 184,698 Maryland Port Administration 99,092 95,423 98,718 104,887 97,901 68,237 44,454 41,612 42,157 45,504 Maryland Aviation Administration 446,351 470,453 505,916 556,602 591,720 610,284 621,917 646,795 665,844 751,801 Maryland Aviation Administration 125,447 166,707 178,157 178,072 170,453 173,749 170,765 167,415 171,122 189,740 Total admin, operation and maintenance expt. 1,237,446 1,302,582 1,396,872 1,488,310 7,271 9,001 8,027 8,237 19,1122 189,740 Less Federal funds (7,147) (5,103) (6,004) (7,901)	The Secretary's Office	67,904	64,528	66,439	69,693	67,649	71,811	70,650	71,382	72,256	76,142	
State Highway Administration 219,703 204,764 236,245 240,192 240,742 296,445 253,615 226,926 251,994 326,506 Motor Vehicle Administration 125,699 133,666 140,436 145,838 148,106 146,316 157,344 161,329 171,344 184,698 Maryland Port Administration 99,092 95,423 98,718 104,887 97,901 68,237 44,454 41,612 42,157 45,504 Maryland Aviation Administration 446,351 470,453 505,916 556,602 591,720 610,284 621,917 646,795 665,844 751,801 Maryland Aviation Administration 125,447 166,707 178,157 178,072 170,453 173,749 170,765 167,415 171,122 189,740 Total admin, operation and maintenance expt. 1,237,446 1,302,582 1,396,872 1,488,310 7,271 9,001 8,027 8,237 19,218 19,349,81 Less Federal funds (7,147) (5,103) (6,004) (7,901	Washington Metro Transit Grants-in-Aid	153,250	167,041	170,961	193,026	210,394	215,736	228,594	256,722	263,690	268,340	
Maryland Port Administration 99,092 95,423 98,718 104,887 97,901 68,237 44,454 41,612 42,157 45,504 Maryland Transit Administration 446,351 470,453 505,916 556,602 591,720 610,284 621,917 646,795 665,844 751,801 Maryland Aviation Administration 125,447 166,707 178,157 178,072 170,453 173,749 170,765 167,415 171,122 189,740 Less Federal funds: 1,237,446 1,302,582 1,396,872 1,488,310 1,526,965 1,582,578 1,547,339 1,572,181 1638,407 1,842,785 Less Federal funds: 1,237,446 1,302,582 1,396,872 1,488,310 1,526,965 1,582,578 1,547,339 1,572,181 1,638,407 1,842,785 Less Federal funds: 1,237,446 1,501,33 1,600,044 1,792,18 1,952,50 1,592,50 1,582,578 1,547,339 1,572,181 1,338,407 1,842,785 State Highway Administration-Hung and program devlpmt. (51,923)	State Highway Administration	219,703	204,764	236,245	240,192	240,742	296,445	253,615	226,926	251,994	326,560	
Maryland Transit Administration 446,351 470,453 505,916 556,602 591,720 610,284 621,917 646,795 665,844 751,801 Maryland Aviation Administration 125,447 166,707 178,157 178,072 170,453 173,749 170,765 167,415 171,122 189,740 Total admin, operation and maintenance expt. 1,237,446 1,302,582 1,396,872 1,488,310 1,526,965 1,582,578 1,547,339 1,572,181 1,638,407 1,842,785 Less Federal funds: The Secretary's Office (7,147) (5,103) (6,004) (7,901) (7,271) (9,001) (8,027) (8,237) (9,291) (9,089) State Highway Administration-Hwy Safety (20,251) (14,908) (14,077) (15,928) (19,595) (16,925) (17,175) (21,218) (13,338) (10,844) Motor Vehicle Administration (240) (161) (90) (351) (313) (404) (379) (150) (7,090) (9348) Maryland Aviation Administration	Motor Vehicle Administration	125,699	133,666	140,436	145,838	148,106	146,316	157,344	161,329	171,344	184,698	
Maryland Aviation Administration 125,447 166,707 178,157 178,072 170,453 173,749 170,765 167,415 171,122 189,740 Total admin, operation and maintenance expl. 1,237,446 1,302,582 1,396,872 1,488,310 1,526,965 1,582,578 1,547,339 1,572,181 1,638,407 1,842,785 Less Federal funds: The Secretary's Office (7,147) (5,103) (6,004) (7,901) (7,271) (9,001) (8,027) (8,237) (9,291) (9,089) State Highway Administration-Hwy Safety (20,251) (14,908) (14,077) (15,928) (19,595) (16,925) (17,175) (21,218) (13,338) (10,844) Md. Transit-Planning and program devlpmt. (51,923) (50,376) (52,077) (54,392) (65,894) (63,775) (64,496) (62,430) (42,028) (60,631) Motor Vehicle Administration (331) (280) (350) (656) (656) (656) (656) (656) (702) (650) (655)	Maryland Port Administration	99,092	95,423	98,718	104,887	97,901	68,237	44,454	41,612	42,157	45,504	
Total admin, operation and maintenance expt. 1,237,446 1,302,582 1,396,872 1,488,310 1,526,965 1,582,578 1,547,339 1,572,181 1,638,407 1,842,785 Less Federal funds: The Secretary's Office (7,147) (5,103) (6,004) (7,901) (7,271) (9,001) (8,027) (8,237) (9,291) (9,089) State Highway Administration-Hwy Safety (20,251) (14,908) (14,077) (15,928) (19,595) (16,925) (17,175) (21,218) (13,338) (10,844) Md. Transit-Planning and program devlpmt. (51,923) (50,376) (52,077) (54,392) (65,894) (63,775) (64,496) (62,430) (42,028) (60,631) Motor Vehicle Administration (240) (161) (90) (351) (313) (404) (379) (150) (7,990) (93,48) Maryland Aviation Administration (331) (280) (72,598) (79,228) (93,729) (90,761) (90,733) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) Total Federal funds	Maryland Transit Administration	446,351	470,453	505,916	556,602	591,720	610,284	621,917	646,795	665,844	751,801	
Less Federal funds: The Secretary's Office (7,147) (5,103) (6,004) (7,901) (7,271) (9,001) (8,027) (8,237) (9,291) (9,089) State Highway Administration-Hwy Safety (20,251) (14,908) (14,077) (15,928) (19,595) (16,925) (17,175) (21,218) (13,338) (10,844) Md. Transit-Planning and program devlpmt. (51,923) (50,376) (52,077) (54,392) (65,894) (63,775) (64,496) (62,430) (42,028) (60,631) Motor Vehicle Administration (240) (161) (90) (351) (313) (404) (379) (150) (7,994) (65,349) Maryland Aviation Administration (331) (280) (350) (656) (656) (656) (656) (656) (656) (702) (650) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (657) (Maryland Aviation Administration	125,447	166,707	178,157	178,072	170,453	173,749	170,765	167,415	171,122	189,740	
The Secretary's Office (7,147) (5,103) (6,004) (7,901) (7,271) (9,001) (8,027) (8,237) (9,291) (9,088) State Highway Administration-Hwy Safety (20,251) (14,908) (14,077) (15,928) (19,595) (16,925) (17,175) (21,218) (13,338) (10,844) Md. Transit-Planning and program devlpmt. (51,923) (50,376) (52,077) (54,392) (65,894) (63,775) (64,496) (62,430) (42,028) (60,631) Motor Vehicle Administration (240) (161) (90) (351) (313) (404) (379) (150) (7,909) (93,48) Maryland Aviation Administration (331) (280) (350) (656) (656) (656) (656) (656) (656) (702) (650) (655) (656) (656) (90,731) (92,377) (92,381) (92,381) (93,729) (90,761) (90,733) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,56	Total admin, operation and maintenance expd.	1,237,446	1,302,582	1,396,872	1,488,310	1,526,965	1,582,578	1,547,339	1,572,181	1,638,407	1,842,785	
State Highway Administration-Hwy Safety (20,251) (14,908) (14,077) (15,928) (19,595) (16,925) (17,175) (21,218) (13,338) (10,844) Md. Transit-Planning and program devlpmt. (51,923) (50,376) (52,077) (54,392) (65,894) (63,775) (64,496) (62,430) (42,028) (60,631) Motor Vehicle Administration (240) (161) (90) (351) (313) (404) (379) (150) (7,090) (93,48) Maryland Aviation Administration (331) (280) (350) (656) (656) (656) (656) (656) (702) (650) (655) (656) (702) (650) (655) (656) (702) (702,397) (90,567) (90,567) (90,731) (90,731) (90,737) (72,397) (90,567) (90,567) (90,731) (90,731) (90,731) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) (90,567) <td>Less Federal funds:</td> <td></td>	Less Federal funds:											
Md. Transit-Planning and program devlpmt. (51,923) (50,376) (52,077) (54,392) (65,894) (63,775) (64,496) (62,430) (42,028) (60,631) Motor Vehicle Administration (240) (161) (90) (351) (313) (404) (379) (150) (7,090) (9,348) Maryland Aviation Administration (331) (280) (350) (656) (656) (656) (656) (702) (650) (655) Total Federal funds (79,892) (70,828) (72,598) (79,228) (93,729) (90,761) (90,733) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) Total expenditures 1,157,554 1,231,754 1,324,274 1,409,082 1,433,236 1,491,817 1,456,606 1,479,444 1,566,010 1,752,218 Net revenues 853,916 818,177 \$702,559 \$533,011 \$613,350 \$532,53 \$735,083 \$718,707 \$827,722 \$866,308 Maximum annual principal and interest \$141,172 \$121,412 \$129,550 \$153,661	The Secretary's Office	(7,147)	(5,103)	(6,004)	(7,901)	(7,271)	(9,001)	(8,027)	(8,237)	(9,291)	(9,089)	
Motor Vehicle Administration (240) (161) (90) (351) (313) (404) (379) (150) (7,090) (9,348) Maryland Aviation Administration (331) (280) (350) (656) (656) (656) (656) (702) (650) (655) Total Federal funds (79,892) (70,828) (72,598) (79,228) (93,729) (90,761) (90,733) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) Total expenditures 1,157,554 1,231,754 1,324,274 1,409,082 1,433,236 1,491,817 1,456,606 1,479,444 1,566,010 1,752,218 Net revenues 853,916 818,177 \$702,559 \$533,011 \$613,350 \$553,253 \$735,083 \$718,707 \$827,722 \$866,308 Maximum annual principal and interest \$141,172 \$121,412 \$129,550 \$153,661 \$197,281 \$210,714 \$210,714 \$219,765 \$237,394 \$270,525	State Highway Administration-Hwy Safety	(20,251)	(14,908)	(14,077)	(15,928)	(19,595)	(16,925)	(17,175)	(21,218)	(13,338)	(10,844)	
Maryland Aviation Administration (331) (280) (350) (656) (656) (656) (702) (650) (655) (656) (702) (650) (656) (656) (702) (650) (656) (702) (650) (656) (656) (702) (650) (656) (656) (702) (650) (656) (656) (656) (90,731) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) (90,761) (90,733) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) (90,761) (90,761) (90,733) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) (90,761) (90,761) (90,733) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) (90,761) (90,761) (90,733) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) (90,567) (90,761) (90,733) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) (90,761) (90,761) (90,761) (90,733) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) (90,761) (90,761) (90,761) (90,761) (90,761) (90,761) (90,761) (90,761) (90,761) (90,761)<	Md. Transit-Planning and program devlpmt.	(51,923)	(50,376)	(52,077)	(54,392)	(65,894)	(63,775)	(64,496)	(62,430)	(42,028)	(60,631)	
Total Federal funds (79,892) (70,828) (72,598) (79,228) (93,729) (90,761) (90,733) (92,737) (72,397) (90,567) Total expenditures 1,157,554 1,231,754 1,324,274 1,409,082 1,433,236 1,491,817 1,456,606 1,479,444 1,566,010 1,752,218 Net revenues \$853,916 \$818,177 \$702,559 \$533,011 \$613,350 \$553,253 \$735,083 \$718,707 \$827,772 \$866,308 Maximum annual principal and interest \$141,172 \$121,412 \$129,550 \$153,661 \$197,281 \$210,714 \$210,714 \$219,765 \$237,394 \$270,527	Motor Vehicle Administration	(240)	(161)	(90)	(351)	(313)	(404)	(379)	(150)	(7,090)	(9,348)	
Total expenditures 1,157,554 1,231,754 1,324,274 1,409,082 1,433,236 1,491,817 1,456,606 1,479,444 1,566,010 1,752,218 Net revenues \$853,916 \$818,177 \$702,559 \$533,011 \$613,350 \$553,253 \$735,083 \$718,707 \$827,772 \$866,308 Maximum annual principal and interest \$141,172 \$121,412 \$129,550 \$153,661 \$197,281 \$210,714 \$210,714 \$219,765 \$237,394 \$270,527	Maryland Aviation Administration	(331)	(280)	(350)	(656)	(656)	(656)	(656)	(702)	(650)	(655)	
Net revenues \$853,916 \$818,177 \$702,559 \$533,011 \$613,350 \$553,253 \$735,083 \$718,707 \$827,772 \$866,308 Maximum annual principal and interest \$141,172 \$121,412 \$129,550 \$153,661 \$197,281 \$210,714 \$210,714 \$219,765 \$237,394 \$270,527	Total Federal funds	(79,892)	(70,828)	(72,598)	(79,228)	(93,729)	(90,761)	(90,733)	(92,737)	(72,397)	(90,567)	
Maximum annual principal and interest \$ 141,172 \$ 121,412 \$ 129,550 \$ 153,661 \$ 197,281 \$ 210,714 \$ 210,714 \$ 219,765 \$ 237,394 \$ 270,527	Total expenditures	1,157,554	1,231,754	1,324,274	1,409,082	1,433,236	1,491,817	1,456,606	1,479,444	1,566,010	1,752,218	
Maximum annual principal and interest \$ 141,172 \$ 121,412 \$ 129,550 \$ 153,661 \$ 197,281 \$ 210,714 \$ 210,714 \$ 219,765 \$ 237,394 \$ 270,527	•	\$ 853,916	\$ 818,177		\$ 533,011				\$ 718,707			
	Maximum annual principal and interest	\$ 141,172		\$ 129,550			\$ 210,714		\$ 219,765	\$ 237,394	\$ 270,527	
rano di anco proged to pinespai ana mercot 0.00 10.00 /.27 /.71 0.20 0.71 0.1/ 0.1/ 0.01 0.00 0.00	Ratio of taxes pledged to principal and interest	8.65	10.06	9.24	7.41	6.26	5.91	6.17	5.81	5.82	5.88	
Ratio of net revenues to principal and interest 6.05 6.74 5.42 3.47 3.11 2.63 3.49 3.27 3.49 3.20												

Source: Maryland Department of Transportation, The Secretary's Office, Office of Finance.

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2007 was the last year for the transfer of \$43M from Maryland Transportation Authority to the Transportation Trust Fund.

⁽²⁾ The 2007 Special Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation to increase the State's Sales Tax and the Vehicle Excise Tax (Titling) from 5% to 6%, effective Jun. 1, 2008. In addition, effective July 1, 2008, the percentage of Titling Tax retained by the Changes to the allocation of Highway User Revenues approved during the 2010 and 2011 Sessions of the Maryland General Assembly resulted in the following percentages of Titling Tax retained by the Department: FY 2010 80%; FY2011 79%; FY 2012 86.53%; FY 2013 93.336%; and FY 2014 93.6%.

⁽³⁾ The 2007 Special Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation to allocate 6.5% of the State's Sales and Use Tax (after distribution of the State's sales tax on short-term rental vehicles) to the Department effective July 1, 2008. The distribution was reduced to 5.3% during the 2008 Session of the Maryland General Assembly. This distribution ended July 1, 2011.

⁽⁴⁾ The 2011 Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation (HB 72) requiring the transfer from the Transportation Trust Fund of \$40,000,000 of the Department's share of Highway User Revenues to the Revenue Stabilization Account in fiscal year 2012.

⁽⁵⁾ The 2011 Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation (HB 72) that changed the allocation of corporate income tax revenue to the Department from 24% to 17.2%. However, effective July 1, 2012 the Department received 9.5%; from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2016 the Department will receive 19.5%.

⁽⁶⁾ As a result of changes to the Highway User Revenues allocations approved during the 2010 and 2011 sessions of the Maryland General Assembly, the Department received the following distribution of Highway User Revenues: FY 2010 70%; FY 2012 79.8%; FY 2013 90%, FY 2014 90.4%.

⁽⁷⁾ The 2013 Session of the Maryland General Assembly approved legislation (HB 1515) that increases the motor fuel tax rate based on growth of the Consumer Price Index and applies a sales and use tax equivalent to the price of motor fuel. Effective July 1, 2013, the motor fuel tax rate was increased by 3.1 cents per gallon for sales and use tax equivalent and 0.4 cents per gallon for CPI. Revenue from these sources is not part of the GMVRA but is retained 100% by the Department.

Schedule of Miscellaneous Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

			Fis	scal Year Ended J	une 30.					
-	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
State Highway Administration:										
Miles of State Highway (1)	5,133	5,134	5,140	5,140	5,138	5,143	5,145	5,266	5,145	5,155
Motor Vehicle Administration:										
Motor Vehicle Titles Issued	1,205,886	1,202,561	1,166,195	1,096,692	930,858	939,209	994,235	995,247	1,018,200	1,001,118
Motor Vehicle Registration Transactions	3,476,509	3,600,359	3,580,933	3,378,435	3,345,546	3,336,752	4,100,604	3,889,667	4,044,217	4,106,227
Motor Vehicle Fuel - Gallons Sold	3,196,587,508	3,197,252,545	3,238,848,801	3,223,523,234	3,139,151,697	2,862,255,721	3,178,835,403	3,149,605,108	3,250,923,911	3,211,359,630
Maryland Port Administration:										
Port of Baltimore (2):										
Export Commerce (2,000 lbs.)	7,420,411	8,365,476	11,291,633	15,052,545	10,216,952	17,596,350	23,852,386	23,757,853	19,396,664	N/A
Import Commerce (2,000 lbs.)	25,005,278	22,254,906	19,490,995	17,965,267	12,145,939	15,243,578	13,991,505	12,929,929	10,877,441	N/A
Total Foreign Commerce (2,000 lbs.)	32,425,743	30,620,470	30,782,628	33,017,812	22,362,891	32,839,928	37,843,891	36,687,782	30,274,105	N/A
General Cargo (2,000 lbs.) (included above)	8,694,474	9,239,964	8,893,780	8,905,872	7,155,595	8,373,255	9,126,585	9,557,401	5,907,550	N/A
Maryland Aviation Administration:										
Passenger Traffic	19,571,154	20,360,376	20,643,685	21,321,252	20,103,443	21,313,033	22,488,838	22,611,988	22,530,342	22,238,226
Commercial Air Carrier Operations	273,098	266,928	267,517	260,970	243,453	247,391	258,639	256,992	245,367	232,609
Total Aircraft Operations	311,806	304,648	303,721	290,945	266,273	272,997	277,435	273,966	263,360	251,305
Maryland Transit Administration (Baltimore A	rea) (3):									
Buses (4)	843	840	840	895	895	869	828	903	929	964
Route Miles	3,126	2,657	1,809	2,146	2,111	2,088	2,364	2,088	2,136	2,222
Vehicle Miles (7)	23,492,593	23,877,900	23,448,056	23,873,643	24,703,842	24,248,825	23,016,156	20,823,391	24,973,730	24,003,000
Trips	71,062,892	71,624,670	72,611,252	75,575,573	79,239,334	78,188,577	72,520,531	73,627,843	73,404,275	75,870,350
Subway Cars	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	98
Route Miles	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Car Miles	4,715,695	4,681,521	4,735,303	5,193,972	5,285,406	4,480,709	4,706,797	4,764,148	5,103,781	5,072,282
Trips	12,863,412	12,918,530	13,225,843	13,955,325	13,566,823	1,363,903	14,002,609	15,199,117	15,208,352	14,632,401
Light Rail Cars (Baltimore Area) (5)	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
Route Miles	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Car Miles	1,494,164	2,053,813	2,797,732	2,789,820	2,780,098	3,179,325	3,169,421	3,257,117	3,254,629	3,106,134
Trips	4,875,005	5,401,327	7,121,516	7,962,979	8,712,179	8,076,249	8,752,463	8,796,346	9,371,791	8,105,752
MARC Commuter Rail Cars	165	165	157	153	157	157	177	177	177	177
Number of Trains Daily	84	85	85	89	83	87	110	100	93	142
Number of Stations Served (6)	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	41	42
Car Miles (7)	5,030,652	4,997,902	5,030,652	5,124,244	5,706,147	5,651,786	5,270,162	5,821,508	6,924,056	5,863,504
Trips	6,884,083	7,274,737	7,505,226	7,897,602	8,081,155	8,095,577	8,232,729	8,532,214	9,030,039	8,979,468
Number of MDOT State Employees (8)	6,599	6,523	6,518	6,572	6,638	6,463	6,007	5,963	5,885	8,387

Source: Maryland Department of Transportation modal administrations.

- (1) As of January 1.
- (2) Calendar year basis.
- (3) Data is estimated for FY 2006 and may have also been restated in prior fiscal years.
- (4) Bus service statistics have been restated to include transportation provided by contractual bus companies.
- (5) Service initiated in May, 1992; service extended to Hunt Valley in September, 1997, and to BWI Airport in December, 1997.
- (6) Service initiated to Frederick and Monocacy on December 17, 2001.
- (7) Vehicle and car miles have been restated to accurately reflect the revenue service miles.
- (8) 2005-2013 does not include union employees.



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