Maryland Transit Administration Pension Plan Actuarial Valuation As of July 1, 2016



Date of Report: September 28, 2016

Prepared By: Bolton Partners, Inc.

100 Light Street, 9th Floor

Baltimore, MD 21202



September 28, 2016

Heidi Tarleton Deputy Chief Financial Officer Maryland Transit Administration 6 St. Paul Street, 8th Floor Baltimore, MD 21202

Dear Heidi:

The following sets forth the actuarial valuation of the Maryland Transit Administration Pension Plan as of July 1, 2016. Section 1 of the report provides the executive summary while Sections 2 through 6 contains the development of the actuarially determined contribution for the 2017 fiscal year along with a summary of the census and asset data, plan provisions, assumptions and actuarial methods. Section 7 provides a glossary of many of the terms used in this report. The appendices of the report provide information for financial reporting as well as a 10-year projection of benefit payments and an actuarial certification.

We are available to answer any questions regarding the material in this report or to provide explanations or further details as appropriate. The undersigned credentialed actuaries meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained in this report. We are not aware of any direct or material indirect financial interest or relationship, including investments or other services that could create a conflict of interest, that would impair the objectivity of our work.

Respectfully submitted,

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1. Executive Summary

Background

Bolton Partners, Inc. has prepared the following report that sets forth the actuarial determined contribution of the Maryland Transit Administration Pension Plan as of July 1, 2016.

Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)

The actuarially determined contribution increased this year. The primary cause for the increase is the plan change for the Local 1300 Union that eliminated the dollar per month cap for participants effective July 1, 2016 and awarding COLA's for current retirees for a 4 year period. Exhibit 2 of the report shows a 2 year comparison of the determination of the contribution.

Actuarially Determined Contribution	FYE 2016	FYE 2017
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$44,736,075	\$62,217,185
Percent of total payroll	32.55%	45.36%

Summary of Plan Results

	7/1/2015	7/1/2016	% Change
Participant Counts			_
Active	2,649	2,652	0.11%
Participants Receiving a Benefit	1,730	1,777	2.72%
Terminated Vested Participants	<u>486</u>	<u>486</u>	0.00%
Total	4,865	4,915	1.03%
Annual Pay of Active Members	\$137,427,168	\$137,153,770	(0.20%)
Assets and Liabilities			
Actuarial Liability	557,256,179	670,528,571	20.33%
Actuarial Value of Assets	<u>248,469,522</u>	<u>268,413,355</u>	8.03%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability	308,786,657	402,115,216	30.22%
Funded Ratio	44.59%	40.03%	(10.23%)
Contributions			
Employer Normal Cost	\$6,996,628	\$7,759,540	10.90%
Amortization Payment	<u>\$37,739,447</u>	\$54,457,64 <u>5</u>	44.30%
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$44,736,075	\$62,217,185	39.08%
Assumed Payment Date	09/01/2015	09/01/2016	

1. Executive Summary (cont)

Experience Analysis

The following factors affected the actuarially determined contribution:

- Eliminating the dollar per month maximum benefit for Local 1300 Union participants effective 7/1/2016 was the primary cause of the liability increase. The actuarially determined contribution increased \$14.7 million due to this plan change. The increase in the unfunded liability of \$91.2 million due to this change was amortized over the average expected future working lifetime of 12 years.
- The retiree COLA payable to Local 1300 Union retirees and survivors from 2014 2017 also increased the plan's liabilities. The actuarially determined contribution increased \$4.9 million due to this plan change. The increase in the unfunded liability of \$9.3 million due to this change was amortized over the remaining contract or 2 years.

Demographic Assumptions

The demographic assumptions were reviewed as part of the 2015 experience study. All changes that were proposed in the experience study report dated February 10, 2016 were incorporated into this valuation. A detailed summary of these assumptions can be found in Section 6. The new demographic assumptions (excluding the discount rate increase) decreased the ADC \$1.4 million.

Economic Assumptions

The economic assumptions were reviewed as part of the 2015 experience study. All changes that were proposed in the experience study report dated February 10, 2016 were incorporated into this valuation. A detailed summary of these assumptions can be found in Section 6.

Changes in Method, Assumptions, and Plan Amendments

The following changes to actuarial assumptions and methods are reflected in this valuation:

- The investment return was decreased from 7.60% to 7.55% to be consistent with the rate used by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System.
- The wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 3.20% to be consistent with the assumption used by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System.
- The salary increase, retirement, and termination assumptions were changed to reflect the results of the experience study.
- The dollar per month maximum benefit was eliminated for Local 1300 employees who retire on or after July 1, 2016.
- Pensionable earnings are limited to 2,392 pay hours in any calendar year for Local 1300 employees effective July 1, 2016.
- COLA awards were granted for Local 1300 retirees and beneficiaries who have been receiving payments for at least 13 months on August 1, 2014, August 1, 2015, August 1, 2016, and August 1, 2017.
- All Local 1300 Union employees contribute 2% of earnings to the plan effective July 1, 2016.

1. Executive Summary (cont)

Projection of Expected Benefit Payments

The projection of expected benefit payments is shown in Appendix 3.

Sources of Information

The July 1, 2016 participant data and market value of assets were provided by, or at the direction of the MTA. While we have reviewed this data for consistency and completeness, we have not audited this data.

Actuarial Statement

We are available to answer any questions on the material in this report or to provide explanations or further details as appropriate. As noted in the Actuarial Certification in Appendix 3, we believe that the actuarial assumptions and methods used in this report are reasonable and appropriate for the purposes of this report, and fairly present the current financial situation of the Plan.

2. Actuarial Costs

Liabilities

Below is a summary of the actuarial accrued liability of future benefits expected to be paid from the Plan.

Unfund	led 1	Lia	bility
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1. Actuarial accrued liability at July 1, 2016		
a. Active participants	\$	328,710,056
b. Vested terminated participants		17,944,473
c. Retired participants, QDRO's, and beneficiaries		272,061,845
d. Disabled participants and disabled beneficiaries		51,812,197
e. Total		670,528,571
2. Actuarial asset value at July 1, 2016		268,413,355
3. Unfunded actuarial liability at July 1, 2016 (1.e 2.)		402,115,216
4. Funded ratio on July 1, 2016 (2. ÷ 1.e)		40.03%
Reconciliation of Unfunded Liability		
1. Unfunded actuarial liability at July 1, 2015	\$	308,786,657
2. Normal cost at July 1, 2015	,	6,911,730
3. Interest on (1. – 2.) to June 30, 2016 at 7.60% per annum		23,993,077
4. Expected contribution		44,736,075
5. Interest on contribution to June 30, 2016 at 7.60% (contribution is assumed to be made at 9/1/2015)		2,815,850
6. Projected unfunded actuarial liability at July 1, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3 4 5.)		292,139,539
7. Change in unfunded actuarial liability due to changes in actuarial		0
methods Change in unfounded extractical liability due to abangue in actuarial		· ·
8. Change in unfunded actuarial liability due to changes in actuarial assumptions (retirement, termination, salary assumptions and discount rate change)		(3,781,060)
9. Change in unfunded actuarial liability due to elimination of DPM Cap and addition of Employee Cont. for the Local 1300 Union		91,171,693
10. Change in unfunded actuarial liability due to COLA award for the Local 1300 Union		9,296,905
11. Expected unfunded actuarial liability at July 1, 2016 (6. + 7. + 8. + 9. + 10.)		388,827,077
12. Actual unfunded actuarial liability at July 1, 2016		402,115,216

13. Actuarial gain/(loss) at July 1, 2016 (11. - 12.)

(13,288,139)

2. Actuarial Costs (cont)

Normal Cost

Normal Cost	FYE 2016	FYE 2017
1. Retirement benefits	\$ 4,299,779	\$ 6,706,506
2. Vested termination benefits	512,581	611,684
3. Preretirement death benefits	89,677	140,454
4. Disability benefits	2,009,693	2,577,245
5. Employee Contributions	<u>N/A</u>	(2,369,911)
6. Total normal cost $(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)$	6,911,730	7,665,978
7. Interest on normal cost to September 1	84,898	93,562
8. Projected normal cost for plan year (6. + 7.)	6,996,628	7,759,540

Actuarially Determined Contribution

The breakdown of the actuarially determined contribution into normal cost and amortization payment is illustrated below.

Contributions are assumed to be made on September 1. The amortization payment for the unfunded actuarial liability is determined assuming payment as of September 1 of each year and the normal cost, which is determined as of July 1 is adjusted to September 1 as well.

Actuarially Determined Contribution	FYE 2016	FYE 2017
1. Normal cost	\$ 6,996,628	\$ 7,759,540
2. Amortization amount	<u>37,739,447</u>	<u>54,457,645</u>
3. Actuarially determined contribution (1. + 2.)	44,736,075	62,217,185
4. Covered payroll	137,427,168	137,153,770
5. Contribution as a percentage of payroll	32.55%	45.36%

2. Actuarial Costs (cont)

Amortizations

Description	Date Established	Initial Amount	Initial Amortization Years	7/1/2016 Outstanding Balance	Remaining Amortization Years	9/1/2016 Amortization Amount
Initial	6/30/2002	124,187,444	17	34,746,386	3	12,586,374
Plan Amendment	6/30/2002	14,399,897	25	9,558,043	11	1,232,691
Experience Loss	6/30/2002	6,345,365	25	4,211,784	11	543,189
Method Change	6/30/2002	(2,078,078)	25	(1,379,338)	11	(177,892)
Plan Amendment	6/30/2003	4,360,440	25	3,056,064	12	372,808
Experience Loss	6/30/2003	4,538,537	25	3,180,884	12	388,034
Plan Amendment	6/30/2004	4,418,159	25	3,248,428	13	377,289
Experience Loss	6/30/2004	17,337,872	25	12,747,575	13	1,480,570
Experience Gain	6/30/2005	(458,689)	25	(351,861)	14	(39,124)
Plan Amendment	6/30/2006	23,569,806	25	18,776,523	15	2,008,175
Experience Loss	6/30/2006	10,757,586	25	8,569,862	15	916,558
Assumption Change	6/30/2007	8,008,848	25	6,599,277	16	681,630
Plan Amendment	6/30/2007	762,523	25	628,318	16	64,898
Experience Loss	6/30/2007	7,007,396	25	5,774,081	16	596,397
Experience Gain	6/30/2008	(235,799)	25	(200,374)	17	(20,058)
Experience Loss	6/30/2009	11,377,550	25	9,940,622	18	967,310
Plan Amendment	6/30/2010	83,039,793	25	74,396,501	19	7,056,424
Experience Gain	6/30/2010	(5,618,484)	25	(5,033,678)	19	(477,439)
Method Change	6/30/2011	(9,372,548)	25	(8,590,201)	20	(796,059)
Experience Gain	6/30/2011	(13,418,790)	25	(12,298,695)	20	(1,139,728)
Assumption Change	6/30/2011	15,465,597	25	14,174,650	20	1,313,574
Experience Loss	6/30/2012	16,238,515	25	15,193,753	21	1,378,577
Experience Loss	6/30/2013	13,697,669	25	13,059,648	22	1,162,348
Assumption Change	6/30/2013	2,292,023	25	2,185,262	22	194,495
Plan Amendment	6/30/2013	29,352,563	25	27,985,355	22	2,490,781
Experience Loss	6/30/2014	10,541,610	25	10,225,397	23	894,236
Assumption Change	6/30/2014	2,530,438	25	2,454,534	23	214,655
Plan Amendment	6/30/2014	1,437,364	25	1,394,248	23	121,930
Assumption Change	6/30/2015	33,129,847	25	32,649,499	24	2,809,767
Experience Loss	6/30/2015	5,314,039	25	5,236,991	24	450,688
Plan Amendment						
(DPM + EE Cont)	6/30/2016	91,171,693	12	91,171,693	12	11,121,985
Plan Amendment						
(COLA Award)	6/30/2016	9,296,905	2	9,296,905	2	4,876,346
Assumption Change	6/30/2016	(3,781,060)	25	(3,781,060)	25	(320,640)
Experience Loss	6/30/2016	13,288,139	25	13,288,139	25	1,126,856
Total				402,115,216		54,457,645

3. Valuation Assets

Reconciliation of Assets

Below is a reconciliation of assets from the prior valuation date of July 1, 2015 to the current valuation date of July 1, 2016.

		7/01/2015 to
		6/30/2016
(1)	Beginning of year assets	\$228,261,060
(2)	Additions	
	(a) Employer contributions	\$ 40,997,059
	(b) Employee contributions receivable	0
	(c) Investment income & Dividends	12,767,932
	(d) Increase/(Decrease) in Market Value of Investments	0
	(e) Total receipts $[(a) + (b) + (c) + (d)]$	\$ 53,764,991
(3)	Deductions	
	(a) Benefit payments	\$ 35,283,202
	(b) Administrative expenses	1,967,196
	(c) Investment expenses	0
	(d) Total disbursements $[(a) + (b) + (c)]$	\$ 37,250,398
(4)	Net increase $[2(e) - 3(d)]$	\$ 16,514,593
(5)	Net assets [1 + 4]	\$244,775,653

3. Valuation Assets (cont.)

Calculation of Actuarial Asset Value

The actuarial asset value represents a "smoothed" value developed by the actuary to reduce the volatile results that could develop due to short-term fluctuations in the market value of assets. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the expected actuarial value of assets, plus one-fifth of the difference between the actual market value and the expected actuarial value of assets.

1.	Actuarial Value of Assets as of July 1, 2015	\$ 248,469,522
2.	Contributions for the 2015 - 2016 plan year	40,997,059
3.	Employer Contributions Receivable for the 2015 - 2016 plan year	0
4.	Benefit payments during the 2015 - 2016 plan year	35,283,202
5.	Expected return at 7.60% interest	20,139,402
6.	Expected assets as of June 30, 2016 $(1. + 2. + 3 4. + 5.)$	274,322,781
7.	Market value of assets as of June 30, 2016	244,775,653
8.	Asset (gain)/loss for 2015 - 2016 (7. – 6.)	\$ (29,547,128)
9.	Actuarial asset value as of July 1, 2015 (6. + (8. x 20%))	\$ 268,413,355
10.	Actuarial asset value as a percentage of market value (9. / 7.)	109.66%

4. Valuation Data

Counts

The following table summarizes the counts, ages and benefit information for plan participants used in this valuation. The previous valuation's data statistics have been provided for comparison purposes.

		July 1, 2015	July 1, 2016
(1)	Actives		
	(a) Number	2,649	2,652
	(b) Average age	48.14	48.33
	(c) Average service ¹	13.46	13.38
	(d) Average salary	\$ 51,879	\$ 51,717
(2)	Service retirements and beneficiaries		
	(a) Number	1,286	1,326
	(b) Average age	71.54	71.73
	(c) Total monthly benefits	\$2,274,987	\$2,420,052
(3)	Disability retirements		
	(a) Number	429	435
	(b) Average age	63.65	63.64
	(c) Total monthly benefits	\$ 430,355	\$ 458,715
(4)	Vested terminations (including deferred transfers)		
	(a) Number	486	486
	(b) Average age	53.77	54.27
	(c) Total monthly benefits	\$ 294,097	\$ 293,718
(5)	QDRO participants		
	(a) Number	15	16
	(b) Average Age	65.87	65.81
	(c) Total monthly benefits	11,290	12,302

¹ Does not include .4 years of additional service added to all participant's years of service to account for sick leave and prior military service.

4. Valuation Data (cont.)

Active Age/Service Distribution including Compensation

Shown below is the distribution of active participants based on age and service. The compensation shown is the average projected pay for the plan year beginning July 1, 2016.

	Years of Service									
	Under 1	1 - 4	5 -9	10 -14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 +	Total
Under										
25	4	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
	32,984	35,418	52,707	0	0	0	0	0	0	36,173
25 - 29	15	80	53	0	0	0	0	0	0	148
	33,550	35,799	50,626	0	0	0	0	0	0	40,881
30 - 34	13	61	129	19	0	0	0	0	0	222
	33,757	36,852	52,445	54,064	0	0	0	0	0	47,205
35 - 39	12	54	103	69	25	0	0	0	0	263
	32,245	37,101	50,833	55,054	55,789	0	0	0	0	48,744
40 - 44	9	60	78	55	67	7	0	0	0	276
	33,550	36,586	52,132	54,488	55,655	54,965	0	0	0	49,543
45 - 49	12	45	106	75	94	37	8	0	0	377
	33,133	37,405	52,224	54,804	56,340	57,161	53,578	0	0	51,900
50 - 54	6	33	107	74	108	67	57	17	2	471
	32,923	39,538	51,411	55,029	56,554	58,169	58,820	60,587	59,623	54,315
55 - 59	7	35	72	66	90	50	76	51	15	462
	31,577	40,281	50,729	55,001	55,815	59,017	57,748	59,246	58,659	54,498
60 - 64	0	21	40	46	44	37	43	33	38	302
	0	42,288	49,111	54,067	55,639	55,579	58,887	64,804	61,317	55,777
65 - 69	0	3	15	6	13	13	14	7	25	96
	0	36,511	41,744	56,071	56,501	57,822	55,367	65,104	57,690	54,494
70 +	0	1	3	1	5	1	2	2	10	25
	0	31,949	42,744	54,995	49,358	60,216	57,190	57,190	61,486	54,632
Total	78	398	707	411	446	212	200	110	90	2652
	33,065	37,475	51,218	54,778	56,009	57,624	57,959	61,456	59,847	51,717

Averages	
Age:	48.33
Service:	13.38

4. Valuation Data (cont.)

Age Distribution of Inactive Participants Currently Receiving Benefits

	Bene	eficiary	Disa	abled	QI	ORO	Re	etiree	Т	otal .
Age	Count	Benefit	Count	Benefit	Count	Benefit	Count	Benefit	Count	Benefit
Under 35	3	3,023	1	287	0	0	0	0	4	3,310
35 - 39	2	1,018	9	6,489	0	0	0	0	11	7,507
40 - 44	5	4,934	13	6,106	0	0	0	0	18	11,040
45 - 49	2	1,666	15	10,128	1	722	1	421	19	12,937
50 - 54	5	6,064	32	23,775	0	0	4	8,520	41	38,359
55 - 59	9	14,408	69	72,295	2	2,105	39	84,228	119	173,036
60 - 64	16	16,853	80	93,567	4	2,701	107	260,092	207	373,213
65 - 69	23	26,866	98	122,240	4	3,077	343	694,717	468	846,900
70 - 74	25	25,924	59	66,148	4	3,380	280	527,497	368	622,949
75 - 79	29	31,556	36	38,191	1	318	216	392,523	282	462,588
80 - 84	17	16,865	14	11,864	0	0	111	202,197	142	230,926
85 - 89	13	10,032	7	7,052	0	0	46	60,463	66	77,547
90 - 94	4	2,144	1	287	0	0	20	22,435	25	24,866
95 & over	1	946	1	286	0	0	5	4,660	7	5,892
Total	154	162,300	435	458,715	16	12,302	1,172	2,257,752	1,777	2,891,069

Age Distribution of Inactive Deferred Vested Participants

		Normal	
		Retirement	
<u>Age</u>	Count	Benefit	
Under 35	14	4,096	
35 - 39	26	14,398	
40 - 44	24	16,628	
45 - 49	60	35,340	
50 - 54	93	68,519	
55 - 59	117	67,338	
60 - 64	111	65,595	
65 - 69	31	18,317	
70 - 74	6	2,323	
75 & over	4	1,164	
Total	486	293,718	

4. Valuation Data (cont.)

Participant Reconciliation

Shown below is the reconciliation of participants between the prior and current valuation date.

			Inactive Part	icipants		
	Active Participants	Retirees & Beneficiaries	Disabled & Disabled Beneficiaries	Terminated Vesteds	QDRO	Total
Participants in last						
valuation	2,649	1,286	429	486	15	4,865
New Participants	154	0	0	0	1	155
Return to active status	1	0	0	(1)	0	0
Nonvested termination	(45)	0	0	0	0	(45)
Vested termination	(23)	0	0	23	0	0
Retired/Disabled	(87)	75	24	(12)	0	0
Lump Sum Payouts	0	0	0	(12)	0	(12)
Adjustments	5	(1)	1	4	0	9
New Beneficiaries	0	18	0	0	0	18
Deceased	(2)	(52)	(19)	(2)	0	(75)
QDRO	0	0	0	0	0	0
Participants in this						
valuation	2,652	1,326	435	486	16	4,915

5. Summary of Principal Plan Provisions

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. The Maryland Transit Administration is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy, and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report. Moreover, these plan provisions may be susceptible to different interpretations, each of which could be reasonable, and the different interpretations could lead to different valuation results.

Plan year	July 1 – June 30
Effective date of plan	January 8, 1950
Eligibility requirements	Any employee who is a member of The Amalgamated Transit Union, Local 1300, or the Office & Professional Employees International Union, Local No. 2, who is not included in the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System. Any employee who is a member of the Police Local Union No. 1859, who is not included in the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System (LEOPS) offered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System.
	Any management employee who transferred from any of the bargaining units above. For purposes of this Plan, management employees are classified as Local 1300 employees Eligible employees become participants immediately upon employment.
Normal form	Life annuity
Vesting	100% with 5 or more years of credited service. 100% with 7 or more years of service for Local 1300 members hired on or after May 18, 2013 and Local 2 members hired on or after September 10, 2014. 100% with 10 or more years of service for Local 1300 members hired on or after July 1, 2016. Participants are considered 100% vested upon the attainment of early or normal retirement eligibility.
Normal retirement date	First of the month coincident with or immediately following the earlier of:
	a. Attainment of age 65 with 5 years of service.
	b. Attainment of age 52 with 30 years of service.
Normal retirement benefit	A monthly income payable for life that is the minimum of: a. \$80 per month times years of service (\$85 for Local 1300 and Local 2 for retirements on or after July 1, 2012, \$90 for Local 1300 and Local 2 for retirements on or after July 1, 2013, \$92 for Local 1300 for retirements on or after July 1, 2014, \$95 for Local 1300 retirements on or after July 1, 2015, and effective for Local 1300 retirements on or after July 1, 2016, the dollar per month benefit is eliminated.) b. 1.70% of Average Compensation (effective July 1, 2008) times years of service.

5. Summary of Principal Plan Provisions (cont)

Normal retirement benefit	The above described benefit cannot be less than \$625 month at age 65 with 25 years of service for Managem Local 2, and Local 1300 and \$450 per month for Local 185		
	The benefit is offset by a fixed an Allamerica Financial Program men	0 1	
	Management members are als Alternate. Benefits, if they are great	so entitled to Minimum ater than the Plan benefit.	
Compensation	Remuneration received as an MTA	employee including	
	overtime if eligible. Effective Ju- participants credited earnings shal pay hours in any calendar year.		
Average annual compensation	Average annual compensation is the average of the member's pensionable earnings for the three years over the last ten years of credited service that produces the highest average. Effective July 1, 2016 for Local 1300 participants credited earnings shall not exceed 2,392 pay hours in any calendar year.		
Early retirement benefit eligibility	Attainment of age 55 with age plus years of service equal to at least 85.		
Early retirement benefit	Normal Retirement Benefit calculated using credited service on the date of retirement (DOR), reduced by $4/12\%$ each month preceding age 65 (if >= 60 at DOR) and $5/12\%$ for each month preceding age 65 (if < 60 at DOR).		
Disability retirement eligibility	Vested, and certification by the Sta	Vested, and certification by the State Medical Director.	
Disability benefit	Normal Retirement Benefit based on Average Annual Compensation and years of creditable service at termination date, but not less than the amounts in the table below:		
	Years of Service Minimum	n Monthly Benefit	
	5	\$200	
	10	\$360	
	20	\$720	
Termination benefits	Vested participants shall receive a least same manner as the Normal Retirement is based on credited service, average benefit formula in effect on the data benefit is paid monthly beginning a member.	ment Benefit but the benefit ge compensation, and the e of termination. The	

5. Summary of Principal Plan Provisions (cont)

Pre-Retirement death benefit eligibility	Death of participant before commencement of benefits and after eligibility for normal or early retirement.
Pre-Retirement death benefit	The spouse will receive an allowance of 75% (50% for Police Local Union No. 1859) of the normal or early retirement benefit the member would have received if they had retired on the day before death and elected a 75% (50% for Police Local Union No. 1859) joint and survivor benefit.
Optional forms	50%, 75% or 100% joint and survivor 50%, 75% or 100% joint and survivor with pop-up option Partial lump sum of 5%, 10%, or 15% of accrued benefit plus a 50%, 75%, or 100% joint and survivor annuity.
Year of creditable service	Credited Service includes service with MTA, plus one month of service for every 20 days of unused sick leave. Part-time employees are credited service at the rate of one month for each 173 hours of work.
COLA increases	Pensions of retirees and beneficiaries, excluding members who retire from deferred vested status, who have been receiving payments for at least 13 months shall be granted a COLA of each of the following dates: 8/1/2008, 8/1/2009, 8/1/2010, 8/1/2011, 8/1/2012 (Local 1300 and Local 2 only), 8/1/2013 (Local 1300 and Local 2 only), 8/1/2015 (Local 1300 only), 8/1/2016 (Local 1300 only), and 8/1/2017 (Local 1300 only). The percentage increase is equal to the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U, U.S. City Average, 1967=100) for the preceding fiscal year (July 1 to June 30), subject to a maximum increase of 3% annually.
Employee Contributions	Effective July 1, 2016 Local 1300 employees shall contribute 2% of pensionable earnings to the MTA Pension Plan. Contributions shall continue until such time as the plan actuary certifies that the market value funded ratio equals or exceeds 100%. Once the 100% funded ratio is reached, employee contributions shall cease. If the funded ratio falls below 95%, employee contributions shall resume until the funded ratio returns to 100%. Employees who separate before becoming eligible for a Normal, Early, Disability, or Deferred Vested pension benefit shall be entitled to a return of their contributions plus interest computed at 5.0% compounded annually.

5. Summary of Principal Plan Provisions (cont)

Changes in plan provisions since prior valuation

- The dollar per month maximum benefit was eliminated for Local 1300 employees who retire on or after July 1, 2016.
- The vesting requirement was increased to 10 years for Local 1300 employees hired on or after July 1, 2016.
- Pensionable earnings are limited to 2,392 pay hours in any calendar year for Local 1300 employees effective July 1, 2016.
- COLA awards were granted for Local 1300 retirees and beneficiaries who have been receiving payments for at least 13 months on August 1, 2014, August 1, 2015, August 1, 2016, and August 1, 2017.
- All Local 1300 Union employees contribute 2% of earnings to the plan effective July 1, 2016.

6. Valuation Assumptions and Methods

Economic Assumptions

Investment Rate of Return

The assumed annual net rate of return on investment (including appreciation and depreciation, realized and unrealized) is 7.55% (net of investment expenses).

Salary Scale

Salaries are assumed to increase for individuals by 3.20% per year due to inflation, plus the following service based percentages due to merit and longevity:

		Maintenance/	All
Years of Service	Management	Operators	Others
0-5	0.50%	6.00%	3.00%
6 - 20	0.50%	0.25%	1.00%
21 - 29	0.50%	0.25%	1.00%
30+	0.50%	0.00%	0.50%

Pay increases are assumed to occur during the middle of the fiscal year.

Payroll Growth

The rate of annual growth of participant payroll is assumed to be 3.20%.

Inflation

Inflation as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) will increase at the rate of 3.20% per year.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

The following COLA increases were assumed for the Local 1300 Union:

COLA Award Date	COLA %
8/1/2014	2.07%
8/1/2015	0.12%
8/1/2016	1.01%
8/1/2017	1.00%

The COLA was awarded to all retirees and beneficiaries in the Local 1300 Union who were retired for at least 13 months as of the date listed above.

6. Valuation Assumptions and Methods (cont)

Demographic Assumptions

Mortality

For Healthy Participants: RP-2014 Blue Collar table, fully generational, projected using scale MP-2014.

For Disabled Participants: RP-2014 Disabled table, fully generational, projected using scale MP-2014.

Projection to the year of the valuation is assumed to be current experience. The generational projection beyond the year of the valuation is assumed to account for future mortality improvements.

Retirement Rates

Retirement Rates are shown below:

Age	Management	Maintenance	All Others
52	15.00%	1.00%	5.00%
53	15.00%	1.00%	5.00%
54	15.00%	1.00%	5.00%
55	15.00%	1.00%	5.00%
56	15.00%	1.00%	5.00%
57	20.00%	1.00%	5.00%
58	20.00%	1.00%	5.00%
59	20.00%	5.00%	5.00%
60	20.00%	5.00%	10.00%
61	20.00%	5.00%	20.00%
62	25.00%	15.00%	20.00%
63	25.00%	20.00%	20.00%
64	25.00%	20.00%	20.00%
65	25.00%	25.00%	20.00%
66	25.00%	25.00%	25.00%
67	25.00%	25.00%	25.00%
68	25.00%	15.00%	25.00%
69	25.00%	15.00%	25.00%
70	100.00%	15.00%	100.00%
71 - 74	100.00%	15.00%	100.00%
75	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

6. Valuation Assumptions and Methods (cont)

Demographic Assumptions (cont.)

Termination of employment

Withdrawal Rates are shown below:

Years of Service	Management	Maintenance	Operators	All Others
0	33.00%	15.00%	20.00%	20.00%
1	26.40%	7.00%	10.00%	20.00%
2	21.15%	5.00%	6.00%	15.00%
3	16.95%	5.00%	6.00%	7.00%
5	13.88%	5.00%	5.00%	6.00%
6	10.80%	5.00%	2.00%	6.00%
7	9.45%	3.00%	2.00%	6.00%
8	8.10%	0.50%	2.00%	6.00%
9	6.75%	0.50%	2.00%	6.00%
10	5.40%	0.50%	2.00%	6.00%
11	4.05%	0.50%	2.00%	6.00%
12	4.05%	0.00%	1.50%	6.00%
13	4.05%	0.00%	1.50%	6.00%
14	4.05%	0.00%	1.50%	2.00%
15	4.05%	0.00%	1.50%	2.00%
16	4.05%	0.00%	1.50%	2.00%
17	4.05%	0.00%	1.00%	2.00%
18	4.05%	0.00%	1.00%	2.00%
19	4.05%	0.00%	1.00%	2.00%
20	4.05%	0.00%	1.00%	2.00%
21	4.05%	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%
22	4.05%	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%
23	4.05%	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%
24	4.05%	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%
25+	4.05%	0.00%	1.00%	0.00%

6. Valuation Assumptions and Methods (cont)

Demographic Assumptions (cont.)

Disability Rates

Disability Rates are shown below:

Age	Annual Percentage of Disablement
20	0.19%
30	0.27%
40	0.46%
50	1.22%
60	1.98%

Marital status and age of spouse

85% of plan members are assumed to be married. Male spouses are assumed to be three years older than their wives.

Form of payment

All participants are assumed to elect payment in the form of a single life annuity.

Cost Method

The actuarial valuation is completed on the basis of the entry age normal cost method calculated on an individual basis with level dollar normal cost. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is amortized with level payments over:

- 17 years for the initial UAAL that began on 06/30/2002
- 25 years for experience gains and losses after 2002
- 25 years for assumption and method changes
- COLA awards are amortized over the life of the contract in which they are negotiated
- Benefit awards and plan changes are amortized over the expected future working lifetime of the entire active population

Method for Determining Actuarial Value of Assets

The actuarial asset value represents a "smoothed" value developed by the actuary to reduce the volatile results which could develop due to short-term fluctuations in the market value of assets. The actuarial value of assets is equal to the expected actuarial value of assets, plus one-fifth of the difference between the actual market value and the expected actuarial value of assets. This method may result in a bias that is above or below the market value of assets.

.6. Valuation Assumptions and Methods (cont)

Other Assumptions

- An additional 0.4 years of service is assumed for all members to account for sick leave conversion and prior military time.
- An additional pay load is assumed to account for expected overtime. For Local 1300 members (as well as management personnel who bargain with the Local 1300 Union), the amount is assumed to be 15% of their salary, and for all others, the load is assumed to be 10% of salary. No overtime pay load is assumed for management members who are not in the Local 1300 Union.
- Part-time members are assumed to accrue one-half year of service credit each year.
- A 1% load is applied for retirees who have elected a joint and survivor option that includes a pop-up provision.
- The management personnel who bargain under the Local 1300 Union and are subject to the same plan provisions and benefit were identified for purposes of this valuation through a list provided via an email file sent from the MTA on 12/9/2015.
- The valuation salary was determined based on the Stat code field provided in the MTA data as follows

Stat	Payroll	Valuation Salary		
Code	Status	Calculation		
AA	Bi-Weekly	Payrate x 26 Pay Periods		
BA	Bi-Weekly	Payrate x 26 Pay Periods		
NA	Bi-Weekly	Payrate x 26 Pay Periods		
PA	Hourly – Part Time	Hourly Rate x 1,040 Hours		
QA	Hourly – Part-Time	Hourly Rate x 1,040 Hours		
WA	Hourly – Full Time	Hourly Rate x 2,080 Hours		

Changes in Assumptions and Cost Method

The following changes are reflected in this valuation:

- The investment return was decreased from 7.60% to 7.55% for the July 1, 2016 valuation. The rate of return is intended to be consistent with the rate used by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System.
- The wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 3.20% to be consistent with the assumption used by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System.
- The salary increase, retirement, and termination assumptions were changed to reflect the results of the experience study.
- The 4 annual COLA awards negotiated for the Local 1300 Union were included in the liabilities for valuation purposes.

7. Glossary

Accumulated Plan Benefits Actuarial Gain or Loss:

Amortization payment/credit actuarial present value.

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL):

The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs or the portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to service before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Valuation Method:

The method of determining the value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC).

Actuarial Cost Method:

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability. Also known as the "funding method".

Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits (APVFB):

The Actuarial Present Value of amounts that are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, nonretired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

Aggregate Cost Method:

An actuarial cost method that spreads the cost of all future benefits in excess of plan assets as a level percentage of future salary or service. The actuarial accrued liability is set to the value of assets in this method.

Actuarially Determined Contributions of the Employer(s) (ADC):

The employer's periodic contributions to a pension plan, calculated in accordance with the parameters.

7. Glossary (cont.)

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA):

The annual increase in the amount of a retired participant's benefit, intended to adjust the benefit for inflation.

Covered Group:

Plan members who are included in an actuarial valuation.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP):

A program allowing a participant, who is eligible to retire, to continue working for a fixed period of time, while accumulating the benefit payments he would have received if he had retired on his entry to DROP.

Demographic Assumption:

The assumptions regarding the future population of pension participants. This includes retirement, termination, disability, and mortality assumptions.

Economic Assumptions:

The assumptions regarding future economic factors, including COLA, salary improvement, change in average wages, changes in Social Security benefits, and investment returns.

Employer's Contributions:

The Contributions made in relation to the actuarially determined contributions of the employer (ADC). An employer has made a contribution in relation to the ADC if the employer has (a) made payments of benefits directly to or on behalf of a retiree or beneficiary, (b) made premium payments to an insurer, or (c) irrevocably transferred assets to a trust, or an equivalent arrangement, in which plan assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retirees and their beneficiaries in accordance with the terms of the plan and are legally protected from creditors of the employer(s) or plan administrator.

Entry Age Normal (EAN) Cost Method:

An actuarial cost method that spreads the cost for each individual's expected benefits over their career, either as a level percentage of pay or service. The actuarial accrued liability is the accumulated value of all past normal cost, and the unfunded accrued liability (surplus) is the excess of the AAL over the value of assets.

Expenses:

Plan expenses paid by the plan are divided into administrative and investment related expenses.

Funded Ratio:

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the plan's actuarial accrued liability.

7. Glossary (cont.)

GASB: Government Accounting Standards Board

GASB No. 25 and GASB No. 27: These are the government accounting standards that set

the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the

systems themselves.

GASB No. 67 and GASB No. 68: The government standards that replaced GASB 25 and

27. They are effective for plan years beginning after June 14, 2013 and employer fiscal years beginning after

June 14, 2014.

Investment Return Assumption or Investment Rate of Return (Discount Rate):

The rate used to adjust a series of future payments to

reflect the time value of money.

Level Percentage of Projected Payroll Amortization Method:

Amortization payments are calculated so that they are a constant percentage of the projected payroll of active plan members over a given number of years. The dollar amount of the payments generally will increase over time as payroll increases due to inflation; in dollars adjusted for inflation, the payments can be expected to

remain level.

Normal Cost or Normal Actuarial Cost: The portion of the Actuarial Present Value of pension

plan benefits and expenses that is allocated to a

valuation year by the Actuarial Cost Method.

Pay-as-you-go (PAYG):

A method of financing a benefits plan under which the

contributions to the plan are generally made at about the same time and in about the same amount as benefit

payments and expenses becoming due.

Payroll Growth Rate: An actuarial assumption with respect to future increases

in total covered payroll attributable to inflation; used in applying the level percentage of projected payroll

amortization method.

Plan Liabilities: Obligations payable by the plan at the reporting date,

primarily including, benefits and refunds due and payable to plan members and beneficiaries, and accrued investment and administrative expenses. Plan liabilities do not include actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits

that are not due and payable at the reporting date.

7. Glossary (cont.)

Plan Members:

The individuals covered by the terms of a Pension or OPEB plan. The plan membership generally includes employees in active service, terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them, and retired employees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

Projected Unit Credit (PUC) Funding Method: An actuarial cost method that spreads the employee's

benefit over their career, as a level percentage of service. The normal cost is the present value of the portion of the benefit assigned to the current year. The actuarial accrued liability is the accumulated value of all past normal cost, and the unfunded accrued liability (surplus) is the excess of the AAL over the value of assets.

Post-employment:

The period between termination of employment and retirement as well as the period after retirement.

Salary Improvement:

An actuarial assumption regarding the increase in employees' salaries, reflecting cost-of-living, merit, and longevity increases.

Select and Ultimate Rates:

Actuarial assumptions that contemplate different rates for successive years. Instead of a single assumed rate with respect to, for example, the investment return assumption, the actuary may apply different rates for the early years of a projection and a single rate for all subsequent years. For example, if an actuary applies an assumed investment return of 8 percent for year 2000, 7.5 percent for 2001, and 7 percent for 2002 and thereafter, then 8 percent and 7.5 percent are select rates, and 7 percent is the ultimate rate.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities:

The excess of the present value of prospective pension benefits, as of the date of a pension plan valuation, over the sum of (1) the actuarial value of the assets of the plan and (2) the present value of future normal costs determined by any of several actuarial cost methods. For plans that define an accrued liability, this amount equals the excess of the accrued liability over plan assets.

Vested Plan Benefits:

All benefits to which current participants have a vested right. They are based on pay and service through the valuation date. A participant has a vested right to a benefit if he/she would still be eligible to receive that benefit if their employment was terminated on the valuation date.

Appendix 1

Summary of Funding Progress

Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability	(3) Percentage Funded (1) / (2)	(4) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (2) - (1)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) / (5)
7/1/2009	143,319,538	337,667,125	42.4%	194,347,587	151,559,520	128.2%
7/1/2010	162,755,825	426,040,805	38.2%	263,284,980	145,028,614	181.5%
7/1/2011	187,917,728	433,637,216	43.3%	245,719,488	147,474,199	166.6%
7/1/2012	200,259,694	451,288,292	44.4%	251,028,598	152,276,494	164.9%
7/1/2013	210,736,651	495,100,701	42.6%	284,364,050	137,596,326	206.7%
7/1/2014	230,072,392	515,327,523	44.6%	285,255,131	135,544,813	210.5%
7/1/2015	248,469,522	557,256,179	44.6%	308,786,657	137,427,168	224.7%
7/1/2016	268,413,355	670,528,571	40.0%	402,115,216	137,153,770	293.2%

Analysis of the dollar amounts of net assets available for benefits, actuarial accrued liability, and unfunded actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the net assets available for benefits as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability provides one indication of funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the Plan is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the Plan. Trends in unfunded actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the MTA's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the Plan.

(6)

Appendix 1 (cont.)

Schedule of Employer Contributions

	Plan Year Ending	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Percent Contributed	
_	06/30/2010	\$ 26,151,368	\$ 37,760,833	144.4%	
	06/30/2011	33,928,274	47,528,274	140.1%	
	06/30/2012	32,859,285	32,859,285	100.0%	
	06/30/2013	34,582,249	29,518,757	85.4%	
	06/30/2014	39,748,933	39,748,933	100.0%	
	06/30/2015	40,807,270	35,400,000	86.75%	
	06/30/2016	44,736,075	40,997,059	91.62%	
	06/30/2017	62,217,185	TBD	TBD	

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated.

Actuarial cost method Asset valuation method Entry Age Normal, Level Dollar 5 Year open period smoothing (Actual vs. Expected Actuarial Value)

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return Projected salary increase

Post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments

7.55% net of investment expenses Refer to Actuarial Assumptions

None Assumed

Appendix 2 Benefit Payment Projection

The following table shows the estimated benefit payments from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2026.

Fiscal Year Ending	Benefits
2017	\$ 37,311,000
2018	\$ 39,472,000
2019	\$ 41,274,000
2020	\$ 43,096,000
2021	\$ 45,088,000
2022	\$ 47,071,000
2023	\$ 49,029,000
2024	\$ 51,084,000
2025	\$ 53,193,000
2026	\$ 55,290,000

Appendix 3

Actuarial Certification

This actuarial valuation sets forth our calculation of an estimate of the liabilities of the Maryland Transit Administration Pension Plan, together with a comparison of these liabilities with the value of the plan assets, as submitted by the Maryland Transit Administration (MTA). This calculation and comparison with assets is applicable for the valuation date only. The future is uncertain, and the Plan may become better funded or more poorly funded in the future. This valuation does not provide any guarantee that the Plan will be able to provide the promised benefits in the future.

This is a deterministic valuation in that it is based on a single set of assumptions. This set of assumptions is one possible basis for our calculations. Other assumptions may be equally valid. The future is uncertain and the Plan's actual experience will differ from those assumptions; these differences may be significant or material because these results are very sensitive to the assumptions made and, in some cases, to the interaction between the assumptions. We may consider that some factors are not material to the valuation of the Plan and may not provide a specific assumption for those factors. We may have used other assumptions in the past. We will likely consider changes in assumptions at a future date.

Different assumptions or scenarios within the range of possibilities may also be reasonable and results based on those assumptions would be different. As a result of the uncertainty inherent in a forward looking projection over a very long period of time, no one projection is uniquely "correct" and many alternative projections of the future could also be regarded as reasonable. Two different actuaries could, quite reasonably, arrive at different results based on the same data and different views of the future. A "sensitivity analysis" shows the degree to which results would be different if you substitute alternative assumptions within the range of possibilities for those utilized in this report. We have not been engaged to perform such a sensitivity analysis and thus the results of such an analysis are not included in this report. At the MTA's request, Bolton Partners, Inc. is available to perform such a sensitivity analysis.

MTA is responsible for selecting the Plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in this report. The MTA is solely responsible for communicating to Bolton Partners, Inc. any changes required thereto.

MTA could reasonably ask how the valuation would change if we used a different assumption set or if plan experience exhibited variations from our assumptions. This report does not contain such an analysis. This type of analysis would be a separate assignment.

Appendix 3 (cont.)

Actuarial Certification

In addition, decisions regarding benefit improvements, benefit changes, the trust's investment policy, and similar issues should not be based on this valuation. These are complex issues and other factors should be considered when making such decisions. These other factors might include the anticipated vitality of the local economy and future growth expectations, as well as other economic and financial factors.

The cost of this Plan is determined by the benefits promised by the Plan, the plan's participant population, the investment experience of the plan and many other factors. An actuarial valuation is a budgeting tool for the MTA. It does not affect the cost of the Plan. Different funding methods provide for different timing of contributions to the Plan. As the experience of the Plan evolves, it is normal for the level of contributions to the Plan to change. If a contribution is not made for a particular year, either by deliberate choice or because of an error in a calculation, that contribution can be made in later years. We will not be responsible for contributions that are made at a future time rather than an earlier time. The Plan sponsor is responsible for funding the cost of the Plan.

We make every effort to ensure that our calculations are accurately performed. These calculations are complex. Despite our best efforts, we may make a mistake. We reserve the right to correct any potential errors by amending the results of this report or by including the corrections in a future valuation report.

Because modeling all aspects of a situation is not possible or practical, we may use summary information, estimates, or simplifications of calculations to facilitate the modeling of future events in an efficient and cost-effective manner. We may also exclude factors or data that are immaterial in our judgment. Use of such simplifying techniques does not, in our judgment, affect the reasonableness of valuation results for the Plan.

This report is based on plan provisions, census data, and asset data submitted by MTA. We have relied on this information for purposes of preparing this report, but have not performed an audit. The accuracy of the results presented in this report is dependent upon the accuracy and completeness of the underlying information. The Plan sponsor is solely responsible for the validity and completeness of this information.

MTA is solely responsible for selecting the Plan's investment policies, asset allocations and individual investments. Bolton Partners, Inc.'s actuaries have not provided any investment advice to the MTA.

The information in this report was prepared for the internal use of the MTA and its auditors in connection with our actuarial valuations of the pension plan. It is neither intended nor necessarily suitable for other purposes. Bolton Partners, Inc. is not responsible for the consequences of any other use or the reliance upon this report by any other party.

Appendix 3 (cont.)

Actuarial Certification

The only purpose of this report is to:

• Provide the recommended employer contribution for the 2017 fiscal year.

This report may not be used for any other purpose; Bolton Partners, Inc. is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use or the reliance on this report by any other party.

The calculation of actuarial liabilities for valuation purposes is based on a current estimate of future benefit payments. The calculation includes a computation of the "present value" of those estimated future benefit payments using an assumed discount rate; the higher the discount rate assumption, the lower the estimated liability will be. For purposes of estimating the liabilities (future and accrued) in this report, you selected an assumption based on the expected long-term rate of return on Plan investments. Using a lower discount rate assumption, such as a rate based on long-term bond yields, could substantially increase the estimated present value of future and accrued liabilities.

Because valuations are a snapshot in time and are based on estimates and assumptions that are not precise and will differ from actual experience, contribution calculations are inherently imprecise. There is no uniquely "correct" level of contributions for the coming plan year.

This report provides certain financial calculations for use by the auditor. These values have been computed in accordance with our understanding of generally accepted actuarial principles and practices and fairly reflect the actuarial position of the Plan. The various actuarial assumptions and methods which have been used are, in our opinion, appropriate for the purposes of this report.

The report is conditioned on the assumption of an ongoing plan and is not meant to present the actuarial position of the Plan in the case of Plan termination. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions, changes in economic or demographic assumptions, increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the Plan's funded status), and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

Appendix 3 (cont.)

Actuarial Certification

The MTA should notify Bolton Partners, Inc. promptly after receipt of this report if the MTA disagrees with anything contained in the report or is aware of any information that would affect the results of the report that has not been communicated to Bolton Partners, Inc. or incorporated therein. The report will be deemed final and acceptable to the MTA unless the MTA promptly provides such notice to Bolton Partners, Inc.

The undersigned credentialed actuaries meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. They are currently compliant with the Continuing Professional Development Requirement of the Society of Actuaries. We are not aware of any direct or material indirect financial interest or relationship, including investments or other services, that could create a conflict of interest that would impair the objectivity of our work.

We are available to answer any questions on the material in this report to provide explanations or further details as appropriate.

Bolton Partners, Inc.

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Kevin Binder, FSA, EA, MAAA

Kristopher Seets, FSA, EA